FINANCIAL RESULTS OF NISSAN MOTOR CO.,LTD

<FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2005>

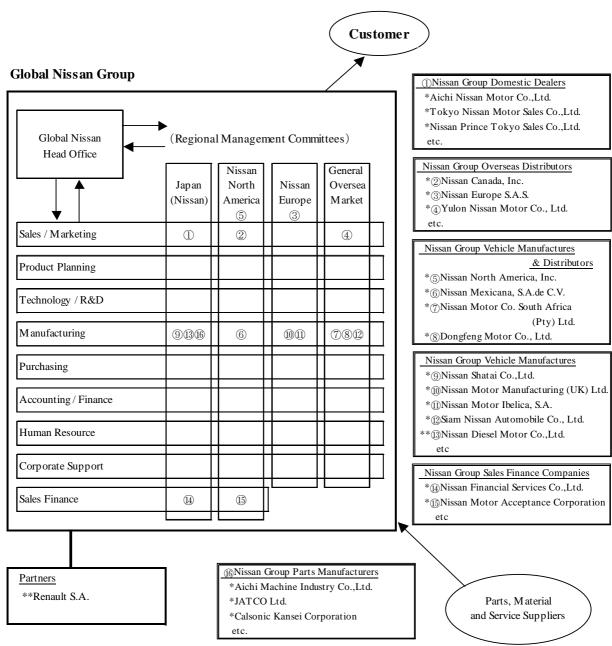
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1. Description of Nissan group

The Nissan group consists of Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), subsidiaries, affiliates, and other associated companies. Its main business includes sales and production of vehicles, forklifts, marine products and related parts. And also the Nissan group provides various services accompanying its main business, such as logistics and sales finance. The Company established Global Nissan (GNX) as a global headquarters function which is to focus on utilizing regional activities by 4 Regional Management Committees and cross regional functions like R&D, Purchasing, Manufacturing, etc., and Global Nissan Group is composed of this matrix.

The corporate group structure is as follows:



^{*} Consolidated Subsidiaries

- •There are other associated companies; *Nissan Trading Co., Ltd., *Nissan Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.
- •Our subsidiaries listed on domestic stock exchange markets are as follows:

Nissan Shatai Co., Ltd.---Tokyo Aichi Machine Industry Co., Ltd.---Tokyo, Nagoya Calsonic Kansei Corporation---Tokyo

^{**} Companies accounted for by equity method

2.Basic Policy regarding Corporate Governance and its Implementation Status

Corporate Governance is one of the most important issues of the management for Nissan, and the critical point is to make clear the responsibility of the management. At Nissan, its clear vision, management policies and objectives are published for shareholders and investors, and their achievement status and results are disclosed early and with transparency as much as possible.

Nissan has been conducting various system reforms in order to enhance Corporate Governance. To be specific, the Chief Operating Officer has been posted under the authority of the Chief Executive Officer as from April 1, 2005. This reform will bring about more efficiency of the management than that of the present management at Nissan. In addition, at the shareholders' meeting in June 2005, the number of corporate auditors will be reduced from five to four, three of whom will continue to be outside corporate auditors. In result, the independence of the audit will be strengthened by increased influence of the outside corporate auditors.

Internal auditing not only allows us to improve the self-correcting capabilities of Nissan group companies through evaluation of internal control level, but it also improves our business processes. Effective and efficient internal audits are being conducted with an appointment of Chief Internal Audit Officer who coordinates global audit activities.

Nissan appoints Ernst & Young Shin Nihon as an external auditor, the auditors not only conduct legal requirement audit, but also report to corporate auditors and internal auditors and exchange opinions among them periodically.

In addition, Nissan has established "Nissan Global Code of Conduct" and "Global Compliance Committee" for compliance with laws and ethics within the all group companies, and has provided its employees with an education program in order to avoid illegal and unethical conduct.

3.Information parent or other related company

Not applicable

4. NISSAN 180 update

In the NISSAN 180 business plan, for fiscal years 2002 through 2005, the company made three commitments: to sell an additional 1 million units by the end of fiscal year 2004, measured between October 2004 and September 2005 and compared to fiscal year 2001; to achieve an 8% operating profit margin; and to achieve zero net automotive debt at constant accounting standards.

The last two commitments were achieved by the end of fiscal year 2002. Nissan's operating profit margin has been at or above 10% for every year of NISSAN 180, and net automotive debt has been eliminated. The company now has more than 200 billion yen in net cash under the new and more demanding accounting standards.

The only remaining commitment is achieving the 1 million additional sales, Here, we are in reasonably good shape. At the midpoint of the measurement period, global sales stood at 1,809,000 units, which is a slight advance compared to the commitment to reach 3,597,000 units by the end of September.

NISSAN 180 will be remembered as a period in which many significant products were introduced to satisfy specific needs of customers around the world. Products such as our first crossover and full-size truck and sport utility vehicles in North America... mini and compact cars in Japan... the Teana in China... a range of light commercial vehicles in Europe... and our revival symbol, the 350Z.

5. FY2004 business performance

Global sales came to 3,388,000 units, which exceeded our forecast of 3,380,000 units. This record level represents an increase of 10.8%, or 331,000 units, over fiscal year 2003... and is 281,000 units more than the previous record level set in 1990. In fiscal year 2004, we released nine all-new models globally.

Along with record sales, a global production record was also achieved. Nissan's manufacturing plants produced 3,378,000 units, which is 293,000 units more than the previous record.

In Japan, sales came to 848,000 units, a slight 1.4% increase. Our brand and products continue to gain recognition. The Fuga was voted the "RJC Car of the Year"... and in March, the Note, Tiida, Cube and March were among the top 10 best-selling models in Japan. Our market share increased four-tenths of a percent to 14.6%.

In the United States, sales rose 18.4%, to 1,013,000 units and, for the first time, sales crossed the 1-million mark. Our U.S. market share for the full year came to 6%, up from 5.1%. The Nissan Division grew by 20.4%, driven by truck sales. With solid contributions from

the new Frontier, new Pathfinder and Titan, truck sales were up 47.6%... and the Altima continues to make a strong contribution to car sales.

The Infiniti Division achieved yet another record year, due to the attraction of competitive models such as our G35 sport sedan and coupe. Sales were up 6.5% from the previous year, to 132,000 units.

In Europe, where reporting is on a calendar-year basis, sales were basically flat, at 544,000 units. Strong sales of the X-TRAIL and Pick-up helped offset a lack of new passenger cars.

In General Overseas Markets, including Mexico and Canada, sales were up 19.5%, to 983,000 units. Sales in China were up 92.7% to 194,000 units... and the Teana was named the "Car of the Year 2005."

Consolidated net revenues came to 8 trillion 576.3 billion yen, up 15.4% from last year. Higher volume and mix made a positive impact of 707 billion yen. Movements in foreign exchange rates produced a negative impact of 173 billion yen. Changes in the scope of consolidation, including Dongfeng Motor and Yulon Nissan Motor, impacted revenues positively by 432 billion yen.

Consolidated operating profit improved by 4.4% to a record 861.2 billion yen. As a percentage of net revenue, our operating profit margin came to 10.0%.

Analyzing the variance between last year's operating profit and this year's, several factors are considered:

- · The effect of foreign exchange rates produced a 78 billion yen negative impact.
- · The change in the scope of consolidation produced a positive impact of 31 billion yen.
- The impact of higher volume and mix contributed 284 billion yen, mainly driven by the U.S. sales volume increase.
- · Selling expenses increased by 114 billion yen, also mainly due to U.S. sales.
- · The improvement in purchasing costs amounted to 131 billion yen.
- · Product enrichment and the cost of regulations had a negative impact of 92 billion yen.
- · We spent an additional 44 billion yen in R&D to reinforce product and technology development.
- · Cost reductions from manufacturing efficiency were offset by the costs associated with the Canton Plant capacity expansion, resulting in increasing manufacturing and logistics expenses by 15 billion yen.
- · Warranty costs had a negative impact of 41 billion yen.

· General, administrative and other expenses increased by 25.7 billion yen.

Net non-operating expenses totaled 5.5 billion yen – which is 9.7 billion less than last year. Financial costs decreased by 5.3 billion yen to 10.4 billion yen.

Ordinary profit came to 855.7 billion yen, up from 809.7 billion yen in fiscal year 2003.

Net extraordinary losses decreased by 10.7 billion yen, mainly due to the sale of land of the former Murayama Plant.

Income before taxes came to 793.2 billion yen. Taxes came to 258 billion yen, for an effective consolidated tax rate of 33%.

Minority interests amounted to 22.9 billion yen.

Net income reached 512.3 billion yen, an increase of 8.6 billion yen.

Net automotive debt is eliminated. In fact, we had 205.8 billion yen in cash at the close of fiscal year 2004.

At the annual general meeting of shareholders on June 21, we will propose a 12-yen-per-share year-end dividend, as previously announced, giving a full-year dividend of 24 yen per share for fiscal year 2004.

By the end of NISSAN Value-Up, our plan is to pay an annual dividend of no less than 40 yen per share, which is a 66% increase over the FY04 level.

6. NISSAN Value-Up

The company's new three-year business plan for fiscal years 2005 through 2007 – NISSAN Value-Up – began to be implemented on April 1, 2005. The plan has three commitments:

- 1. To maintain the top level of operating profit margin among global automakers for each of the three years of the plan;
- 2. To achieve global sales of 4.2 million units, measured in fiscal year 2008; and
- 3. To achieve a 20% return on invested capital on average over the course of the plan.

Nissan will launch 28 all-new models globally during NISSAN Value-Up.

In order to implement NISSAN Value-Up, we will pursue four major breakthroughs.

- · Introduction of Infiniti luxury brand globally as a Tier-1 luxury brand.
- · Focus on Light Commercial Vehicles, or LCVs.
- · Focus on sourcing parts and services from Leading Competitive Countries, or LCCs.
- · Significant geographic expansion

7. Fiscal year 2005 financial forecast

The new fiscal year brings risks and opportunities. Risks include volatility in exchange rates, higher interest rates, higher commodity prices, higher energy prices, higher incentives, and uncertainty about the levels of growth in the United States and Japanese markets. The company's greatest opportunity lies in delivering NISSAN Value-Up quickly and effectively. Assuming a relatively flat total industry volume of 61 million units globally, Nissan's sales are forecast to come to 3,618,000 units, which is a 6.8% increase over the prior year. Worldwide, we will launch six all-new models, leading to 20 regional product events. In Japan, we will launch five models, including the new Serena and the new Otti, a minicar supplied by Mitsubishi Motors that will go on sale in June. In Europe, we will launch the Micra convertible coupe. No new model launches are planned in North America this year. We will be preparing for the significant next wave of new products to come in 2006 and 2007.

In light of all these factors, we have filed the following forecast, using a foreign exchange rate assumption for the year of 105 yen per dollar and 130 yen per euro.

- · Net revenue is forecasted to be 9 trillion yen, up 4.9%.
- · Operating profit is expected to be 870 billion yen, up 1% from fiscal year 2004, giving an operating profit margin of 9.7%.
- · Ordinary profit is expected to reach 860 billion yen.
- · Net income is forecasted to be 517 billion yen.
- · Capital expenditures are expected to reach 540 billion yen.
- · R&D expenses are forecast to reach 450 billion yen.

8. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1) Consolidated Statements of Income

(FY2004 and FY2003)

[in millions of yen, () indicates loss or minus]

The following information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

	FY2004	FY2003	Change	
			Amount	%
NET SALES	8,576,277	7,429,219	1,147,058	15.4 %
COST OF SALES	6,351,269	5,310,172	1,041,097	
Gross profit	2,225,008	2,119,047	105,961	5.0 %
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	1,363,848	1,294,192	69,656	
	10.0%	11.1%	-1.1%	
Operating income	861,160	824,855	36,305	4.4 %
NON-OPERATING INCOME	71,949	57,277	14,672	
Interest and dividend income	16,274	11,591	4,683	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries & affiliates	36,790	11,623	25,167	
Other non-operating income	18,885	34,063	(15,178)	
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES	77,409	72,440	4,969	
Interest expense	26,656	27,290	(634)	
Amortization of net retirement benefit obligation at transition	11,795	13,936	(2,141)	
Other non-operating expenses	38,958	31,214	7,744	
	10.0%	10.9%	-0.9%	
Ordinary income	855,700	809,692	46,008	5.7 %
SPECIAL GAINS	43,098	32,200	10,898	
SPECIAL LOSSES	105,565	105,395	170	
	9.2%	9.9%	-0.7%	
Income before income taxes and minority interests	793,233	736,497	56,736	7.7 %
INCOME TAXES - CURRENT	179,226	137,745	41,481	
INCOME TAXES – DEFERRED	78,837	81,295	(2,458)	
MINORITY INTERESTS	22,889	13,790	9,099	
	6.0%	6.8%	-0.8%	
NET INCOME	512,281	503,667	8,614	1.7 %

2) Consolidated Balance Sheets

as of Mar 31, 2005 and Mar 31, 2004 [in millions of yen, () indicates loss or minus]

The following information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

	as of	as of	
	Mar 31, 2005	Mar 31, 2004	Change
[ASSETS]			
CURRENT ASSETS	5,139,394	3,766,963	1,372,431
Cash on hand and in banks	300,274	191,742	108,532
Notes & accounts receivable	538,029	462,716	75,313
Finance receivables	3,026,788	2,203,174	823,614
Marketable securities	13,426	3,126	10,300
Inventories	708,062	542,792	165,270
Deferred tax assets	291,210	169,759	121,451
Other current assets	261,605	193,654	67,951
FIXED ASSETS	4,708,078	4,091,299	616,779
Property, plant and equipment	3,796,947	3,203,252	593,695
Intangible assets	178,160	71,786	106,374
Investment securities	361,921	360,344	1,577
Long-term loans receivable	20,248	17,419	2,829
Deferred tax assets	125,081	162,184	(37,103
Other fixed assets	225,721	276,314	(50,593
DEFERRED ASSET	1,051	1,594	(543
TOTAL ASSETS	9,848,523	7,859,856	1,988,667
[LIABILITIES]	>,010,020	7,000,000	1,500,007
CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,974,714	3,102,481	872,233
	939,786		
Notes & accounts payable	•	768,201	171,585
Short-term borrowings	1,925,618	1,360,798	564,820
Accrued expenses	444,377	358,076	86,301
Deferred tax liabilities	2,401	2,545	(144
Accrued warranty costs	61,762	45,550	16,212
Lease obligation	58,332	50,464	7,868
Other current liabilities	542,438	516,847	25,591
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	3,151,358	2,629,596	521,762
Bonds and debentures	493,125	542,824	(49,699
Long-term borrowings	1,373,504	1,067,790	305,714
Deferred tax liabilities	438,942	291,991	146,951
Accrued warranty costs	122,990	107,047	15,943
Accrued retirement benefits	508,203	442,266	65,937
Lease obligation	96,544	84,179	12,365
Other long-term liabilities	118,050	93,499	24,551
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,126,072	5,732,077	1,393,995
MINORITY INTERESTS IN CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES	256,701	103,785	152,916
[SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY]			
COMMON STOCK	605,814	605,814	0
CAPITAL SURPLUS	804,470	804,470	0
RETAINED EARNINGS	1,715,099	1,286,299	428,800
UNREALIZED HOLDING GAIN ON SECURITIES	7,355	4,392	2,963
TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENTS	(400,099)	(431,744)	31,645
TREASURY STOCK	(266,889)	(245,237)	(21,652
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,465,750	2,023,994	441,756
OTAL LIABILITIES, MINORITY INTERESTS & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	9,848,523	7,859,856	1,988,667
	-,510,020	.,50,,000	2,700,007

Note. The amount of short-term borrowings includes current maturities of long-term borrowings, bonds and debentures, and commercial paper.

3) Consolidated Statements of Capital Surplus and Retained Earnings

(FY2004 and FY2003)

[in millions of Yen, () indicates loss or minus]

The following information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

	FY2004	FY2003	Change
(Capital surplus) Capital surplus at beginning of period Capital surplus at end of period	804,470 804,470	804,470 804,470	-
(Retained earnings)			
Retained earnings at beginning of period	1,286,299	878,655	407,644
Increase	528,509	513,353	15,156
Net income	512,281	503,667	8,614
Increase due to inclusion in consolidation	1,104	226	878
Adjustment for revaluation of the accounts of the consolidated subsidiaries based on general price level accounting	12,942	9,460	3,482
Increase due to land revaluation of subsidiaries	2,182	-	2,182
Decrease	99,709	105,709	(6,000)
Cash dividends paid	94,236	74,594	19,642
Bonuses to directors and statutory auditors	404	410	(6)
Decrease due to exclusion from the equity method	-	4,402	(4,402)
Decrease in unfunded retirement benefit obligation of foreign subsidiaries	369	18,132	(17,763)
Loss on disposal of treasury stock	4,700	8,171	(3,471)
Retained earnings at end of period	1,715,099	1,286,299	428,800

4) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(FY2004 and FY2003)
[in millions of Yen, () indicates out flows]

The following information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

	FY2004	FY2003
Operating activities		
Income before income taxes and minority interest:	793,233	736,497
Depreciation and amortization (fixed assets excluding leased vehicles	356,915	314,900
Amortization (long-term prepaid expenses)	11,665	11,783
Depreciation (leased vehicles)	157,346	134,354
(Reversal of provision) provision for doubtful receivables	(6,464)	3,732
Unrealized loss on investments	128	323
Interest and dividend income	(16,274)	(11,591)
Interest expense	73,220	63,423
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment	(24,038)	(4,163)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	20,115	24,823
(Gain) loss on sales of investment securities	(7,232)	7,113
Decrease in trade receivables	15,494	24,539
Increase in sales finance receivables	(794,349)	(463,110)
Increase in inventories	(108,903)	(28,220)
Increase in trade payables	152,213	68,879
Amortization of net retirement benefit obligation at transition	11,795	13,936
Retirement benefit expenses	65,103	67,262
Retirement benefits paid	(82,924)	(80,650)
Other	(115)	45,934
Sub-total Sub-total	616,928	929,764
Interest and dividends received	16,098	10,699
Interest paid	(71,318)	(65,231)
Income taxes paid	(192,293)	(77,815)
Total	369,415	797,417
Investing activities		
Increase in short-term investments	(12,370)	(710)
Purchases of fixed assets	(461,146)	(428,387)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipmen	71,256	53,932
Purchases of leased vehicles	(590,605)	(476,613)
Proceeds from sales of leased vehicles	173,812	191,105
Long-term loans made	(4,019)	(3,741)
Collection of long-term loans receivable	4,860	4,766
Purchases of investment securities	(31,896)	(119,372)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	3,098	40,330
Purchase of subsidiaries' shares resulting in changes		
in the scope of consolidation	(1,292)	-
Proceeds from sales of subsidiaries' shares resulting in change		
in the scope of consolidation	7,697	192
Additional acquisition of shares of consolidated subsidiaries	(500)	(2,531)
Other	(23,930)	(15,097)
Total	(865,035)	(756,126)
TP' 1 (1-14)		
Financing activities	666 101	(105.555)
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowing	666,191	(137,575)
Increase in long-term borrowings	1,050,841	847,393
Increase in bonds and debentures	140,663	150,000
Repayment or redemption of long-term deb	(1,145,534)	(720,694)
Purchases of treasury stock	(33,366)	(101,957)
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	6,816	9,744
Repayment of lease obligation	(69,244)	(84,742)
Cash dividends paid	(94,236)	(74,594)
Other Total	(1,085) 521,046	(1,315) (113,740)
	,	` ' '
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	4,369	(2,604)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	29,795	(75,053)
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of the period	194,164	269,817
Increase due to inclusion in consolidation	65,825	310
Decrease due to exclusion from consolidation Cash and each equivalent at and of the period	200 704	(910)
Cash and cash equivalent at end of the period	289,784	194,164

5) Basis of Annual Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries and Companies Accounted for by the Equity Method

(1) Consolidated subsidiaries; 200 companies (Domestic 100, Overseas 100)

Domestic Car Dealers, Parts Distributors

Aichi Nissan Motor Co., Ltd., Tokyo Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. Nissan Prince Tokyo Sales Co., Ltd. Nissan Chuo Parts Sales Co., Ltd. and 79 other companies

Domestic Vehicles and Parts Manufacturers

Nissan Shatai Co.,Ltd., Aichi Machine Industry Co., Ltd., JATCO Ltd., Calsonic Kansei Corp. and 4 other companies

Domestic Logistics & Services Companies

Nissan Trading Co., Ltd., Nissan Financial Service Co., Ltd., Autech Japan, Inc. and 6 other companies

Overseas subsidiaries

Nissan North America, Inc., Nissan Europe S.A.S. Nissan Motor Manufacturing (UK) Ltd. Nissan Mexicana, S.A. de C.V. and 96 other companies

Unconsolidated Subsidiaries; 199 companies (Domestic 132, Overseas 67)

These 199 companies are excluded from consolidation because the effect of not consolidating them was immaterial to the Company's consolidated financial statements

(2) Companies Accounted for by the Equity Method

Unconsolidated subsidiaries; 34 companies (Domestic 25, Overseas 9) Affiliates; 20 companies (Domestic 17, Overseas 3)

Domestic Nissan Diesel Motor Co., Ltd., and 41 other companies

Overseas Renault S.A., Guangzhou NISSAN Trading Co., Ltd. and 10 other companies

The 165 unconsolidated subsidiaries and 42 affiliates other than the above companies were not accounted for by the equity method because the effect of not adopting the equity method to them was immaterial to the Company's consolidated net income and retained earnings

(3) Change in the Scope of Consolidation and Equity Method of Accounting

The change in the scope of consolidation compared with fiscal year 2004 was summarized as follows

Newly included in the scope of consolidation; 27 subsidiaries (*Dongfeng Motor Co., Ltd., Yulon Nissan Motor Co., Ltd., Siam Nissan Automobile Co., Ltd., Calsonic Kansei Corp. and 23 other companies)

Excluded from the scope of consolidation; 13 subsidiaries (Nissan Canada Finance Inc.

Shizuoka Nissan Motor Co., Ltd., Nissan Buhin Yamaguchi Hanbai Co., Ltd. and 10 other companies)

Number of companies newly accounted for by the equity method; 4 subsidiaries (Guangzhou NISSAN Trading Co. Calsonic Kansei Europe plc., and 2 other companies)

Number of companies ceased to be accounted for by the equity method of accounting; 11 (Dongfeng Motor Co., Ltd., Yulon Nissan Motor Co., Ltd., Siam Nissan Automobile Co., Ltd., Calsonic Kansei Corp. and 7 other companies

The increase in the number of consolidated subsidiaries and companies accounted for by the equity methor were primarily attributable to those newly established, due to acquisition of shares or became material to the consolidated financia statements, and the decrease were mainly due to sales or liquidations

* During the year ended March 31, 2005, investments in Dongfeng Motor Co., Ltd. held by the Company were transferred to Nissan China Investment Co., Ltd. (NCIC). As a result, effective year ended March 31, 2005 Dongfeng Motor Co., Ltd., a joint venture, has been proportionately consolidated into NCIC in accordance with local accounting standards and was presented as a consolidated subsidiary

2. Fiscal Period of Consolidated Subsidiaries

1) The end of FY2004 for the following consolidated subsidiaries is different from that of the Company (March 31)

December 31: Nissan Europe S.A.S. Nissan Mexicana, S.A.de C.V.,
Nissan Motor Company South Africa (Proprietary) Limited, and 61 other overseas subsidiaries

2)With respect to the above 64 companies, the necessary adjustments were made in consolidation to reflect any significant transactions from January 1 to March 31.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

1)Valuation methods for assets

1.Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities Held-to maturity debt securities are stated at amortized cost.

Other securities

Marketable securities Marketable securities are carried at fair value

with changes in unrealized holding gain or loss, net of the applicable

income taxes, directly included in shareholders' equity.

Cost of securities sold is calculated by the moving average method.

 $Non-mark etable \ securities \ \ . \ \ Non-mark etable \ securities \ classified \ as \ other \ securities \ are \ carried \ at \ cost$

determined by the moving average method.

2.Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value except for forward foreign exchange contracts entered in order to hedge receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies which have been translated and are reflected at their corresponding contract rates in the consolidated balance sheet.

3.Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method.

2) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated principally by straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives and economic residual value determined by the Company.

3) Basis for reserves and allowances

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for possible bad debt at the amount estimated based on past bad debts experience for normal receivables plus uncollectible amounts determined by reference to the collectibility of individual accounts for doubtful receivables.

Accrued warranty costs

Accrued warranty costs are provided to cover the cost of all services anticipated to be incurred during the entire warranty period in accordance with the warranty contracts and based on past experience.

Accrued retirement benefits

Accrued retirement benefits are provided principally at the amount calculated based on the estimated amount incurred at the end of the period, which is, in turn, calculated based on the retirement benefit obligation and the fair value of the pension plan assets at the end of the current fiscal year.

The net retirement benefit obligation at transition is primarily being amortized over a period of 15 years by the straight-line method.

Prior service cost is being amortized as incurred by the straight-line method over periods which are shorter than the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Actuarial gain or loss is amortized in the year following the year in which the gain or loss is recognized primarily by the straight-line method over periods which are shorter than the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

4) Lease transactions

Noncancelable lease transactions are classified as operating or finance leases and accounted for accordingly.

5) Significant hedge accounting method

Hedge accounting

Deferral hedge accounting is adopted for derivatives which qualify as hedges, under which unrealized gain or loss is deferred. When forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivative transactions are entered into in order to hedge receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies, such receivables and payables are recorded at the contract rates.

Hedging instruments and hedged items

Hedging instruments - Derivative transactions

Hedged items - Hedged items are subject to the risk of loss as a result of market fluctuation and such changes are not reflected in their valuation.

Hedging policy

It is the Company's policy that all transactions denominated in foreign currencies are to be hedged. Assessment of hedge effectiveness

Hedge effectiveness is determined by comparing the cumulative changes in cash flows or fair values from the hedging instruments with those from the hedged items.

Risk management policy with respect to hedge accounting

The Company manages its derivative transactions in accordance with its internal "Policies and Procedures for Risk Management."

6) Consumption Tax

Transactions subject to consumption tax are recorded at amounts exclusive of consumption tax.

7) Accounting policies adopted by foreign consolidated subsidiaries

The financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries in Mexico and other countries have been prepared based on general price-level accounting. The related revaluation adjustments made to reflect the effect of inflation in Mexico and other countries are charged or credited to operations and directly reflected in retained earnings in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in consolidated statements of cash flows include cash, deposits which can be withdrawn on demand and highly liquid short-term investments exposed to insignificant risk of changes in value with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

5. Accounting changes

Classification of freight and shipping costs

Until the year ended March 31, 2004, freight and shipping costs of the Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries were included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Effective April 1, 2004, the Company and those consolidated subsidiaries began to account for the freight and shipping costs as cost of sales. This change was made in order to achieve a better matching of revenues and expenses and to present gross profit more accurately by including the freight and shipping costs in cost of sales considering the fact that shipping costs to export parts to be used for manufacture in overseas countries have increased due to the expansion of manufacturing activities outside Japan.

The effect of this change was to increase cost of sales by 112,074 million yen and to decrease gross profit and selling, general and administrative expenses by the same amount for the twelve months ended March 31, 2005. Consequently, this change had no impact on operating income, ordinary income, income before income taxes and minority income and net income for the twelve months ended March 31, 2005 as compared with the corresponding amounts which would have been recorded if the previous method had been followed.

6) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Contingent Liabilities

At March 31, 2005, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries had the following contingent liabilities:

	(Millions of yen)
1)As guarantor of employees' housing loans from banks and others	243,384
(195,030 for employees, 48,354 for others)	
2)Commitments to provide guarantees of indebtedness of unconsolidated	2,712
subsidiaries and affiliates at the request of lending banks	
3)The outstanding balance of installment receivables sold with recourse	20,687

2.Research and Development costs included in cost of sales and general and administrative expenses

(Millions of yen) 398,148

3. Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of fiscal year 2004 are reconciled to the account reported in the consolidated balance sheet as follows

(as of Mar. 31 2005)	(Millions of yen)
Cash on hand and in banks	300,274
Time deposits with maturities of more than three months	(21,301)
Cash equivalents included in marketable securities (*)	10,811
Cash and cash equivalents	289,784

^{*} These represent short-term highly liquid investments readily convertible into cash held by foreign subsidiaries

4. Securities

as of Mar 31, 2005

[in millions of Yen, () indicates loss or minus]

(1) Marketable held-to-maturity debt securities

millions of yen

		Estimated	Unrealized
	Carrying value	fair value	Gain (loss)
Securities whose fair value exceeds			
their carrying value:			
Sub-total	0	0	C
Securities whose carrying value exceeds			
their fair value:			
(1) Corporate bonds	201	201	0
Sub-total	201	201	0
Grand-total	201	201	0

(2) Marketable other securities

millions of yen

			Unrealized
	Acquisition cost	Carrying value	Gain (loss)
Securities whose carrying value exceeds			
their acquisition cost:			
(1) Stocks	3,781	15,833	12,052
(2) Bonds			
National & local government bonds	19	20	1
(3) Others	15	18	3
Sub-total Sub-total	3,815	15,871	12,056
Securities whose acquisition cost exceeds			
their carrying value:			
(1) Stocks	679	428	(251)
(2) Others	214	191	(23)
Sub-total	893	619	(274)
Grand-total	4,708	16,490	11,782

(3) Other securities which were sold during FY2004

millions of yen

Proceeds	Gross gain	Gross loss
2,032	1,225	(13)

(4) Details and book value of securities whose fair value is not available

(1) Other Securities

Unlisted domestic stocks 8,822 millions of yen

 $(excluding\ those\ traded\ on\ the\ over-the-counter\ market)$

Unlisted foreign stocks 721

(5) The redemption schedule for securities with maturity dates classified as other securities and held-to-maturity debt securities

millions of yen

	Within one year	1year to 5year	5year to 10year	Over 10year
Bonds				
National &local government bonds	20	0	0	0
Corporate bonds	147	0	54	0
Others	0	4	0	0
Total	167	4	54	0

as of Mar 31, 2004

[in millions of Yen, () indicates loss or minus]

(1) Marketable held-to-maturity debt securities

millions of yen

		Estimated	Unrealized
	Carrying value	fair value	Gain (loss)
Securities whose fair value exceeds			
their carrying value:			
Sub-total	0	0	0
Securities whose carrying value exceeds			
their fair value:			
(1) Corporate bonds	249	249	0
Sub-total	249	249	0
Grand-total	249	249	0

(2) Marketable other securities

millions of yen

()			
			Unrealized
	Acquisition cost	Carrying value	Gain (loss)
Securities whose carrying value exceeds			
their acquisition cost:			
(1) Stocks	1,042	7,934	6,892
(2) Bonds			
National & local government bonds	19	20	1
Sub-total	1,061	7,954	6,893
Securities whose acquisition cost exceeds			
their carrying value:			
(1) Stocks	2,486	1,939	(547)
Sub-total	2,486	1,939	(547)
Grand-total	3,547	9,893	6,346

(3) Other securities which were sold during FY2003

millions of yen

Proceeds	Gross gain	Gross loss
4,048	1,500	(32)

(4) Details and book value of securities whose fair value is not available

(1) Other Securities

Unlisted domestic stocks 6,762 millions of yen

(excluding those traded on the over-the-counter market)

Unlisted foreign stocks 1,110

(5) The redemption schedule for securities with maturity dates classified as other securities and held-to-maturity debt securities

millions of yen

	Within one year	1year to 5year	5year to 10year	Over 10year
Bonds				
National &local government bonds	20	0	0	0
Corporate bonds	106	90	53	0
Total	126	90	53	0

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 [in millions of Yen, () indicates minus]

1. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) Fiscal year 2004

4/1/04 - 3/31/05	Automobile	Sales	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
		Financing			
I. NET SALES					
(1) Sales to third parties	8,177,841	398,436	8,576,277		8,576,277
(2) Inter-group sales and transfers	23,742	13,509	37,251	(37,251)	0
TOTAL	8,201,583	411,945	8,613,528	(37,251)	8,576,277
OPERATING EXPENSES	7,429,760	338,388	7,768,148	(53,031)	7,715,117
OPERATING INCOME	771,823	73,557	845,380	15,780	861,160
II. TOTAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATION EXPENSE AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					
TOTAL ASSETS DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	6,646,594 349,163 469,283	4,596,322 176,763 582,468	11,242,916 525,926 1,051,751	(1,394,393)	9,848,523 525,926 1,051,751

(2) Fiscal year 2003

(2) Fiscal year 2003					
4/1/03 - 3/31/04	Automobile	Sales	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
		Financing			
I. NET SALES					
(1) Sales to third parties	7,072,982	356,237	7,429,219	_	7,429,219
(2) Intergroup sales and transfers	22,916	9,752	32,668	(32,668)	0
TOTAL	7,095,898	365,989	7,461,887	(32,668)	7,429,219
OPERATING EXPENSES	6,340,631	301,179	6,641,810	(37,446)	6,604,364
OPERATING INCOME	755,267	64,810	820,077	4,778	824,855
II. TOTAL ASSETS, DEPRECIATION EXPENSE AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					
TOTAL ASSETS DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	5,847,139 313,289 441,384	3,479,171 147,748 463,616	9,326,310 461,037 905,000	(1,466,454)	7,859,856 461,037 905,000

Note: 1. Businesses are segmented based on their proximity in terms of types, nature and markets of their products.

- 2. Major products and services included in each segment for fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 are;
 - (1) Automobile : Passenger cars, Light trucks and buses, Forklift, Parts for production, etc.
 - (2) Sales Financing : Credit, Lease, etc.

2. Consolidated Financial Statements by Business Segment

- * The sales financing segment consists of Nissan Financial Services Co., Ltd. (Japan), Nissan Motor Acceptance Corporation (USA), NR F Mexico, S.A. De C.V. (Mexico), NR Wholesale Mexico, S.A. De C.V. (Mexico), ESARA, S.A. de C.V. (Mexico) and sales financing division of Nissan Canada Inc. (Canada).
- * The financial data on the automobile and eliminations segment represents the difference between the consolidated figures and those for the sales financing segment.

1). Balance sheets by business segment

(millions of Yen)

				Conso	lidated total				
	Autom	obile & elim	inations	S	ales Financii	าฐ			
	as of 3/31/05	as of 3/31/04	Change	as of 3/31/05	as of 3/31/04	Change	as of 3/31/05	as of 3/31/04	Change
Current assets	1,688,461	1,257,550	430,911	3,450,933	2,509,413	941,520	5,139,394	3,766,963	1,372,431
Cash on hand and in banks	288,208	187,328	100,880	12,066	4,414	7,652	300,274	191,742	108,532
Notes & accounts receivable	537,912	462,612	75,300	117	104	13	538,029	462,716	75,313
Sales finance receivables	(216,218)	(199,177)	(17,041)	3,243,006	2,402,351	840,655	3,026,788	2,203,174	823,614
Marketable securities	12,400	3,126	9,274	1,026	-	1,026	13,426	3,126	10,300
Inventories	702,534	536,172	166,362	5,528	6,620	(1,092)	708,062	542,792	165,270
Other current assets	363,625	267,489	96,136	189,190	95,924	93,266	552,815	363,413	189,402
Fixed assets	3,562,689	3,121,541	441,148	1,145,389	969,758	175,631	4,708,078	4,091,299	616,779
Property, plant and equipment	2,774,719	2,425,940	348,779	1,022,228	777,312	244,916	3,796,947	3,203,252	593,695
Investment securities	361,632	356,925	4,707	289	3,419	(3,130)	361,921	360,344	1,577
Other fixed assets	426,338	338,676	87,662	122,872	189,027	(66,155)	549,210	527,703	21,507
Deferred assets	1,051	1,594	(543)	-	-	-	1,051	1,594	(543)
Total assets	5,252,201	4,380,685	871,516	4,596,322	3,479,171	1,117,151	9,848,523	7,859,856	1,988,667
Current liabilities	1,332,957	1,037,208	295,749	2,641,757	2,065,273	576,484	3,974,714	3,102,481	872,233
Notes & accounts payable	916,820	742,386	174,434	22,966	25,815	(2,849)	939,786	768,201	171,585
Short-term borrowings *1	(609,468)	(615,844)	6,376	2,535,086	1,976,642	558,444	1,925,618	1,360,798	564,820
Lease obligation	57,416	50,067	7,349	916	397	519	58,332	50,464	7,868
Other current liabilities	968,189	860,599	107,590	82,789	62,419	20,370	1,050,978	923,018	127,960
Long-term liabilities	1,540,476	1,513,054	27,422	1,610,882	1,116,542	494,340	3,151,358	2,629,596	521,762
Bonds and debentures	320,602	508,864	(188,262)	172,523	33,960	138,563	493,125	542,824	(49,699)
Long-term borrowings	209,291	177,054	32,237	1,164,213	890,736	273,477	1,373,504	1,067,790	305,714
Lease obligation	96,544	83,597	12,947	-	582	(582)	96,544	84,179	12,365
Other long-term liabilities	914,039	743,539	170,500	274,146	191,264	82,882	1,188,185	934,803	253,382
Total liabilities	2,873,433	2,550,262	323,171	4,252,639	3,181,815	1,070,824	7,126,072	5,732,077	1,393,995
Minority interests	256,656	103,785	152,871	45	-	45	256,701	103,785	152,916
Common stock	517,260	520,692	(3,432)	88,554	85,122	3,432	605,814	605,814	-
Capital surplus	774,403	774,403	-	30,067	30,067	-	804,470	804,470	-
Retained earnings and unrealized holding gain on securities	1,494,766	1,100,414	394,352	227,688	190,277	37,411	1,722,454	1,290,691	431,763
Translation adjustments	(397,428)	(423,634)	26,206	(2,671)	(8,110)	5,439	(400,099)	(431,744)	31,645
Treasury stock	(266,889)	(245,237)	(21,652)		-		(266,889)	(245,237)	(21,652)
Total shareholders' equity	2,122,112	1,726,638	395,474	343,638	297,356	46,282	2,465,750	2,023,994	441,756
Total liabilities, minority interests and shareholders' equity	5,252,201	4,380,685	871,516	4,596,322	3,479,171	1,117,151	9,848,523	7,859,856	1,988,667

Note: 1. Sales finance receivables of Automobile & eliminations represent the amount eliminated for intercompany transactions related to the transfer of wholesale finance to Sales Financing Business.

 $(\ Interest\ bearing\ debt\ by\ business\ segment\)$

(millions of Yen)

								Consol	idated tota
	Autom	obile & elimi	inations	S	ales Financii	ng			
	as of 3/31/05	as of 3/31/04	Change	as of 3/31/05	as of 3/31/04	Change	as of 3/31/05	as of 3/31/04	Change
Short-term borrowings from Third Parties	363,701	480,948	(117,247)	1,561,917	879,850	682,067	1,925,618	1,360,798	564,820
Internal Loans to Sales Financing	(973,169)	(1,096,792)	123,623	973,169	1,096,792	(123,623)	-	-	-
Short-term borrowings (Booked on B/S)	(609,468)	(615,844)	6,376	2,535,086	1,976,642	558,444	1,925,618	1,360,798	564,820
Bonds and debentures	320,602	508,864	(188,262)	172,523	33,960	138,563	493,125	542,824	(49,699
Long-term borrowings from Third Parties	209,291	177,054	32,237	1,164,213	890,736	273,477	1,373,504	1,067,790	305,714
Internal Loans to Sales Financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (Booked on B/S)	209,291	177,054	32,237	1,164,213	890,736	273,477	1,373,504	1,067,790	305,714
Lease obligation	153,960	133,664	20,296	916	979	(63)	154,876	134,643	20,233
Total interest bearing debt	74,385	203,738	(129,353)	3,872,738	2,902,317	970,421	3,947,123	3,106,055	841,068
Cash and cash equivalent	280,176	190,135	90,041	9,608	4,029	5,579	289,784	194,164	95,620
Net interest bearing debt	(205,791)	13,603	(219,394)	3,863,130	2,898,288	964,842	3,657,339	2,911,891	745,448
Debt for Canton Plant included	93,719	95,800	(2,081)	-	-	-	93,719	95,800	(2,081
Debt for Lease obligation included	153,960	133,664	20,296	916	979	(63)	154,876	134,643	20,233
Net interest bearing debt (except for those related to Canton Plant)	(453,470)	(215,861)	(237,609)	3,862,214	2,897,309	964,905	3,408,744	2,681,448	727,296

Borrowings of Automobile & eliminations represent the amount after deducting the amount of internal loan receivables from Sales Financing Business.
 (04/3 1,096,792 million yen, 05/3 973,169 million yen)

2). Statements of income by business segment

(millions of Yen)

							Con	solidated total			
	Autom	obile & elimin	ations	S	ales Financing	3					
	4/1/04 - 3/31/05	4/1/03 - 3/31/04	Change	4/1/04 - 3/31/05	4/1/03 - 3/31/04	Change	4/1/04 - 3/31/05	4/1/03 - 3/31/04	Change		
Net sales	8,164,332	7,063,230	1,101,102	411,945	365,989	45,956	8,576,277	7,429,219	1,147,058		
Cost of sales	6,094,196	5,098,056	996,140	257,073	212,116	44,957	6,351,269	5,310,172	1,041,097		
Gross profit	2,070,136	1,965,174	104,962	154,872	153,873	999	2,225,008	2,119,047	105,961		
Operating profit as a percentage of net sales	9.6%	10.8%	-1.2%	17.9%	17.7%	0.2%	10.0%	11.1%	-1.1%		
Operating profit	787,603	760,045	27,558	73,557	64,810	8,747	861,160	824,855	36,305		
Net financial cost	(10,371)	(15,669)	5,298	(11)	(30)	19	(10,382)	(15,699)	5,317		
Others	4,910	2,089	2,821	12	(1,553)	1,565	4,922	536	4,386		
Ordinary profit	782,142	746,465	35,677	73,558	63,227	10,331	855,700	809,692	46,008		
Income before income taxes											
and minority interests	720,764	671,513	49,251	72,469	64,984	7,485	793,233	736,497	56,736		
Net income	472,680	465,329	7,351	39,601	38,338	1,263	512,281	503,667	8,614		
Net financial cost	Net financial cost										
Total	(10,371)	(15,669)	5,298	(11)	(30)	19	(10,382)	(15,699)	5,317		
Interest on Lease obligation	(4,097)	(4,603)	506	(20)	(20)	-	(4,117)	(4,623)	506		

3). Statements of cash flows by business segment

(12,524)

(5,322)

(5,744)

(7,202)

11,994

0

(10)

Eliminations

Net financial cost by segment

(millions of Yen)

(5,322)

(5,754)

(7,202)

12,013

(12,524)

		FY04		FY03			
		Cons	solidated total		Con	solidated total	
	Automobile &	Sales Financing		Automobile &	Sales Financing		
	eliminations			eliminations			
Operating activities							
Income before income taxes and minority interests	720,764	72,469	793,233	671,513	64,984	736,497	
Depreciation and amortization	349,163	176,763	525,926	313,146	147,891	461,037	
(Increase) decrease in sales finance receivables	17,131	(811,480)	(794,349)	(154)	(462,956)	(463,110)	
Others	(207,813)	52,418	(155,395)	57,936	5,057	62,993	
Subtotal	879,245	(509,830)	369,415	1,042,441	(245,024)	797,417	
Investing activities							
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	10,285	510	10,795	40,488	34	40,522	
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	71,256	-	71,256	53,827	105	53,932	
Purchases of fixed assets	(453,357)	(7,789)	(461,146)	(422,326)	(6,061)	(428,387)	
Purchases of leased vehicles	(15,926)	(574,679)	(590,605)	(19,295)	(457,318)	(476,613)	
Proceeds from sales of leased vehicles	16,143	157,669	173,812	20,857	170,248	191,105	
Others	(79,115)	9,968	(69,147)	(101,534)	(35,151)	(136,685)	
Subtotal	(450,714)	(414,321)	(865,035)	(427,983)	(328,143)	(756,126)	
Financing activities							
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	174,500	491,691	666,191	(306,969)	169,394	(137,575)	
(Decrease) increase in long-term borrowings	(391,244)	296,551	(94,693)	(244,774)	371,473	126,699	
Increase in bonds and debentures	-	140,663	140,663	120,000	30,000	150,000	
Others	(191,998)	883	(191,115)	(253,031)	167	(252,864)	
Subtotal	(408,742)	929,788	521,046	(684,774)	571,034	(113,740)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	4,427	(58)	4,369	(2,095)	(509)	(2,604)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	24,216	5,579	29,795	(72,411)	(2,642)	(75,053)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	190,135	4,029	194,164	263,146	6,671	269,817	
Increase due to inclusion in consolidation	65,825	-	65,825	310	-	310	
Decrease due to exclusion from consolidation	-	-	-	(910)	-	(910)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	280,176	9,608	289,784	190,135	4,029	194,164	

Note: Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings of Automobile & eliminations include the elimination amount of increase(FY03 118,036 million yen) and decrease(FY04 -133,114 million yen) in internal loan receivables from Sales Financing Business.

3. GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT INFORMATION

for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004

[in millions of Yen, () indicates minus]

4/1/04 - 3/31/05	Japan	North	Europe	Other foreign	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
		America		countries			
I. NET SALES							
(1) Sales to third parties	2,556,683	3,726,456	1,254,007	1,039,131	8,576,277		8,576,277
(2) Inter-area sales and transfers	1,981,104	81,794	51,109	7,622	2,121,629	(2,121,629)	0
TOTAL	4,537,787	3,808,250	1,305,116	1,046,753	10,697,906	(2,121,629)	8,576,277
OPERATING EXPENSES	4,196,667	3,392,676	1,249,110	996,529	9,834,982	(2,119,865)	7,715,117
OPERATING INCOME	341,120	415,574	56,006	50,224	862,924	(1,764)	861,160
II. TOTAL ASSETS	5,590,397	4,714,272	799,778	637,065	11,741,512	(1,892,989)	9,848,523

4/1/03 - 3/31/04	Japan	North	Europe	Other foreign	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
		America		countries			
I. NET SALES							
(1) Sales to third parties	2,559,806	3,278,966	1,164,032	426,415	7,429,219	_	7,429,219
(2) Internal transactions	1,725,491	35,384	31,690	4,663	1,797,228	(1,797,228)	0
TOTAL	4,285,297	3,314,350	1,195,722	431,078	9,226,447	(1,797,228)	7,429,219
OPERATING EXPENSES	3,932,835	2,914,529	1,146,549	412,938	8,406,851	(1,802,487)	6,604,364
OPERATING INCOME	352,462	399,821	49,173	18,140	819,596	5,259	824,855
II. TOTAL ASSETS	4,805,718	3,664,382	607,926	219,109	9,297,135	(1,437,279)	7,859,856

Note: 1. Countries and areas are segmented based on their geographical proximity and their mutual operational relationship.

2. Major countries and areas which belong to segments other than Japan are as follows:

(1) North America : U.S.A., Canada, Mexico

(2) Europe : France, U.K., Spain and other European countries

(3) Others : Asia, Oceania, the Middle and Near East, Central and South America excluding Mexico

and South Africa

4. OVERSEAS NET SALES

Overseas net sales and the related percentages of the sales to the total consolidated net sales are summarized as follows:

4/1/04 - 3/31/05	North America	Europe	Other foreign countries	Total	
(1) Overseas net sales	[Millions of Yen]	3,662,436	1,269,204	1,401,592	6,333,232
(2) Consolidated net sales	[Millions of Yen]				8,576,277
(3) Overseas net sales as a percentage of consolidated to	net sales [%]	42.7	14.8	16.3	73.8

4/1/03 - 3/31/04		North America	Europe	Other foreign countries	Total
(1) Overseas net sales	[Millions of Yen]	3,222,497	1,201,035	773,248	5,196,780
(2) Consolidated net sales	[Millions of Yen]				7,429,219
(3) Overseas net sales as a percentage of consolidated	net sales [%]	43.4	16.2	10.4	70.0

Note: 1. Overseas net sales include export sales of the company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries and sales (other than exports to Japan) of its foreign consolidated subsidiaries.

- 2. Countries and areas are segmented based on their geographical proximity and their mutual operational relationship.
- 3. Areas which belong to segments other than Japan are as follows:

(1) North America : USA, Canada, Mexico

(2) Europe : France, U.K., Spain, and other European countries

(3) Other foreign countries : Asia, Oceania, the Middle and Near East, Central and South America excluding Mexico

and South Africa

6. Production and sales

1)Consolidated production volume

(Units)

	FY04	FY03	Chai	nge
			Units	%
Japan	1,481,563	1,475,063	6,500	0.4
U.S.A.	803,556	619,665	183,891	29.7
Mexico	325,086	308,322	16,764	5.4
U.K.	319,652	331,924	(12,272)	(3.7)
Spain	142,889	116,589	26,300	22.6
South Africa	41,750	28,925	12,825	44.3
Indonesia	9,822	2,921	6,901	236.3
Thailand	33,472	-	33,472	-
China	135,549	-	135,549	-
Total	3,293,339	2,883,409	409,930	14.2

Note: Period of counting units

Japan, U.S.A April/2004-March/2005 Others January/2004-December/2004

2)Consolidated wholesale units by region

(Units)

	FY04	FY03	Cha	nge
			Units	%
Japan	819,152	799,206	19,946	2.5
North America	1,394,099	1,204,882	189,217	15.7
Europe	554,901	548,693	6,208	1.1
Others	702,270	394,001	308,269	78.2
Total	3,470,422	2,946,782	523,640	17.8

Note: Period of counting units

Japan , North America (except for Mexico) April/2004-March/2005 North America (Mexico only) , Europe January/2004-December/2004

7. Footnotes to be disclosed

Following information is disclosed by EDINET.

Lease transactions Derivative transactions

Following information is disclosed as additional disclosure material of Financial Results as soon as they are available.

Retirement benefit
Tax-effect accounting
Transactions with related parties

FY2004 Non-Consolidated Financial Results

(Year ended March 31, 2005)

April 25, 2005

Company name : Nissan Motor Co., Ltd

Stock exchange on which the shares are listed : Tokyo Stock Exchange in Japan

Code number : 7201 Location of the head office : Tokyo

URL : http://www.nissan-global.com/EN/IR/

Representative person : Carlos Ghosn, President

Contact person : Kohki Sone, General manager,

Global Communications CSR and Investor Relations Division,

Communications CSR Department

Tel. (03) 3543 - 5523

Approval date of FY2004 financial results

by the Board of Directors

: April 25, 2005

Provision for interim cash dividends : Yes

Expected date on which cash dividends

begin to be distributed : June 22, 2005

Date of the 106th ordinary general meeting

of shareholders : June 21, 2005 Number of shares in unit share system : 100 shares

1. Results of FY2004 (April 1, 2004 through March 31, 2005)

<1> Results of non-consolidated operations

(Amounts less than one million yen are omitted)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income	
	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
FY2004	3,718,720	6.9	231,764	(5.7)	203,711	(10.7)
FY2003	3,480,290	1.8	245,836	(22.2)	228,098	(22.2)

	Net income		Net income per share - basic	Net income per share - diluted	Return on equity		Operating income as a percentage of net sales
	Millions of yen	%	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
FY2004	102,415	26.9	23.24	23.04	6.0	5.1	5.5
FY2003	80,713	10.8	18.15	17.97	4.6	5.7	6.6

Note 1: Average number of shares issued and outstanding during each period FY

FY04

FY03

4,390,851,313 shares 4,425,325,758 shares

Note 2: Changes in accounting policies were made.

Note 3: Regarding net sales, operating income, ordinary income and net income, percent indications show percentage of changes from corresponding figures for the previous period.

<2> Cash dividends

	Annual cash dividends per share			Total amount of annual cash	Dividends as a percentage of net	Dividends as a
		Interim dividend	Final dividend	dividends	income	percentage of shareholders' equity
	Yen	Yen	Yen	Millions of yen	%	%
FY2004	24.00	12.00	12.00	105,318	102.8	6.2
FY2003	19.00	8.00	11.00	83,727	103.7	4.9

<3> Non-consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Shareholders' equity as a percentage of total assets	Shareholders' equity per share
	Millions of yen	Millions of yer	· %	Yen
FY2004	3,981,914	1,685,893	42.3	384.86
FY2003	4,055,579	1,709,705	42.2	388.60
Note 1: Number	r of shares issued and outstanding	g at the end FY04	4,379,479,5	39 shares
of each period		FY03	FY03 4,398,598,686	
Note 2: Number	r of treasury stock at the end of ea	ach period FY04	141,235,5	73 shares

2. Non-consolidated forecast for FY2005 (April 1, 2005 through March 31, 2006)

	Net sales	Ordinary income	Net income	Cash dividends per share		re
				Interim dividend	Final dividend	
	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Yen	Yen	Yen
FY2005 1st half	_	_	_	_	_	_
FY2005		_	_	_	_	29.00

FY03

122,116,426 shares

Reference: Forecast of net income per share for FY2005 (yen)

1. Production and Sales

VEHICLE PRODUCTION UNIT

(FY2004 and FY2003)

	FY2004 (Units)	FY2003 (Units)	Change (%)
Domestic	1,481,563	1,475,063	0.4%

NON-CONSOLIDATED SALES UNIT BY PRODUCT LINE

(FY2004 and FY2003)

	FY2004	FY2003	Change
Vehicle whole sales (Units, except for po	ercentages)		
Total vehicle whole sales	1,583,178	1,562,611	1.3%
Domestic	861,339	843,446	2.1%
Export	721,839	719,165	0.4%
Passenger vehicles	1,327,883	1,316,475	0.9%
Domestic	756,952	722,605	4.8%
Export	570,931	593,870	(3.9%)
Commercial vehicles	255,295	246,136	3.7%
Domestic	104,387	120,841	(13.6%)
Export	150,908	125,295	20.4%
Net sales (millions of yen, except for per	ccentages)		
Total net sales	3,718,720	3,480,290	6.9%
Domestic	1,552,677	1,498,420	3.6%
Export	2,166,043	1,981,869	9.3%
Vehicles	2,728,740	2,615,017	4.3%
Domestic	1,340,644	1,288,815	4.0%
Export	1,388,095	1,326,201	4.7%
Production parts and components			
for overseas production	481,886	376,940	27.8%
Domestic	-	=	-
Export	481,886	376,940	27.8%
Automotive parts	279,991	282,730	(1%)
Domestic	192,512	193,508	(0.5%)
Export	87,479	89,222	(2.0%)
Other automotive business	184,492	168,475	9.5%
Domestic	1,249	471	165.1%
Export	183,242	168,003	9.1%
Sub total of automotive business	3,675,110	3,443,163	6.7%
Domestic	1,534,406	1,482,795	3.5%
Export	2,140,703	1,960,368	9.2%
Forklifts equipment	43,610	37,126	17.5%
Domestic	18,271	15,625	16.9%
Export	25,339	21,501	17.9%

Other automotive business consists of royalty income, and equipment and tools for vehicle production.

2. Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

2-1) Non-Consolidated Statements of Income

FY2004 and 2003

[in millions of yen, () indicates loss or minus]

The following information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

	F	Y2004	F	FY2003	Change
NET SALES	100%	3,718,720	100%	3,480,290	238,430
COST OF SALES		3,072,398		2,749,983	322,414
GROSS MARGIN		646,322		730,306	(83,984)
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		414,557		484,470	(69,912)
OPERATING INCOME	6.2%	231,764	7.1%	245,836	(14,071)
NON-OPERATING INCOME		8,827		19,937	(11,110)
Interest and dividend income		3,752		7,144	(3,392)
Other non-operating income		5,074		12,792	(7,717)
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES		36,880		37,675	(795)
Interest expense		12,264		14,495	(2,231)
Amortization of net retirement benefit obligations at transition		8,871		8,871	0
Other non-operating expenses		15,745		14,309	1,436
ORDINARY INCOME	5.5%	203,711	6.6%	228,098	(24,386)
SPECIAL GAINS		40,318		22,186	18,131
Gain on sale of fixed assets		22,905		3,957	18,947
Gain on sale of investment securities		6,150		14,984	(8,833)
Other special gains		11,262		3,244	8,017
SPECIAL LOSSES		91,985		57,403	34,581
Loss on devaluation of investments and receivables		24,219		11,845	12,374
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		11,369		9,907	1,462
Other special losses		56,395		35,649	20,745
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	4.1%	152,044	5.5%	192,881	(40,837)
INCOME TAXES-CURRENT		57,215		85,078	(27,862)
INCOME TAXES-DEFERRED		(7,586)		27,090	(34,676)
NET INCOME	2.8%	102,415	2.3%	80,713	21,702
RETAINED EARNINGS BROUGHT FORWARD		,		,	ĺ
FROM PREVIOUS YEAR		250,845		248,770	2,075
LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF TREASURY STOCK		4,700		8,170	(3,470)
INTERIM CASH DIVIDENDS		52,765		35,343	17,421
UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS		295,795		285,969	9,826

2-2) Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets

As of March 31, 2005 and March 31, 2004

[in millions of yen, () indicates loss or minus]

The following information has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

	as of	as of	
	Mar 31, 2005	Mar 31, 2004	Change
[ASSETS]	,	,	
CURRENT ASSETS	1,545,768	1,804,151	(258,382)
Cash on hand and in banks	74,425	60,594	13,830
Trade notes receivable	48	0	48
Trade accounts receivable	311,098	363,437	(52,339)
Finished products	70,553	45,892	24,660
Raw materials	14,698	11,997	2,701
Work in process	23,188	20,634	2,553
Supplies	18,312	15,363	2,949
Advances received	27,383	27,546	(163)
Prepaid expenses	13,066	36,490	(23,423)
Deferred tax assets	56,365	34,264	22,101
Short-term loans receivable	895,762	1,145,210	(249,447)
Other accounts receivable	68,623	65,033	3,590
Other current assets	2,958	9,625	(6,667)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(30,716)	(31,940)	1,224
FIXED ASSETS	2,433,601	2,247,835	185,765
Property, plant & equipment	748,773	676,663	72,110
Buildings	159,596	151,541	8,054
Structures	33,842	31,778	2,063
Machinery & equipment	211,950	184,036	27,913
Vehicles	18,979	15,203	3,775
Tools, furniture and fixtures	140,896	109,157	31,739
Land	144,289	145,836	(1,547)
Construction in progress	39,218	39,109	109
Intangible assets	45,546	43,796	1,749
Software	44,575	42,857	1,718
Other intangible assets	970	939	31
Investments & other assets	1,639,281	1,527,376	111,905
Investment securities	19,388	18,074	1,314
Investments in affiliates	1,486,014	1,370,599	115,414
Long-term loans receivable	1,855	2,761	(906)
Long-term prepaid expenses	29,397	26,805	2,592
Deferred tax assets	93,284	108,765	(15,480)
Other investments	9,531	10,102	(570)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(191)	(9,733)	9,541
DEFERRED ASSETS	2,544	3,592	(1,047)
Discounts on bonds	2,544	3,592	(1,047)
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TOTAL ASSETS	3,981,914	4,055,579	(73,665)

	as of	as of	
	Mar 31, 2005	Mar 31, 2004	Change
[LIABILITIES]	,	,	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,529,709	1,407,838	121,870
Trade notes payable	121	270	(149)
Trade accounts payable	482,304	434,599	47,705
Short-term borrowings	272,036	93,845	178,191
Current portion of long-term borrowings	22,576	31,576	(9,000)
Commercial paper	110,000	38,000	72,000
Current maturities of bonds	205,800	363,800	(158,000)
Other accounts payable	43,854	47,114	(3,259)
Accrued expenses	226,874	191,830	35,044
Income taxes payable	24,349	73,117	(48,767)
Deposits received	4,471	4,432	38
Employees' saving deposits	62,566	60,047	2,518
Warrant	4,785	5,245	(460)
Accrued warranty costs	26,271	23,699	2,572
Lease obligations	38,877	30,134	8,743
Other current liabilities	4,819	10,126	(5,306)
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	766,311	938,035	(171,723)
Bonds	362,800	568,600	(205,800)
Long-term borrowings	87,566	58,142	29,424
Accrued warranty costs	43,676	37,472	6,204
Accrued retirement benefits	231,974	245,320	(13,346)
Lease obligations	38,785	26,650	12,134
Long-term deposits received	1,508	1,849	(340)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,296,021	2,345,874	(49,853)
[SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY]	2,270,021	2,545,674	(47,055)
COMMON STOCK	605,813	605,813	0
			0
CAPITAL SURPLUS	804,470	804,470	0
Additional paid-in capital	804,470	804,470	0
RETAINED EARNINGS	425,177	429,001	(3,824)
Legal reserve	53,838	53,838	0
Voluntary reserve	75,542	89,192	(13,650)
Reserve for reduction of replacement			
cost of specified properties	71,937	84,027	(12,089)
Reserve for losses on overseas investments	3,031	4,609	(1,577)
Reserve for special depreciation	573	556	16
Unappropriated retained earnings	295,795	285,969	9,826
UNREALIZED HOLDING GAIN ON SECURITIES	5,108	3,707	1,401
TREASURY STOCK	(154,676)	(133,287)	(21,389)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1,685,893	1,709,705	(23,812)
TOTAL LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	3,981,914	4,055,579	(73,665)

2-3) Significant Accounting Policies

1. Valuation methods for assets

(1) Valuation of inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market, cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method.

- (2) Valuation of securities
 - 1) Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at amortized cost based on the straight-line method.
 - 2) Investments in stock of subsidiaries and affiliates are stated at cost determined by the moving average method.
 - 3)Other securities

Marketable securities Marketable securities classified as other securities are carried at fair value

with changes in unrealized holding gain or loss, net of the applicable

income taxes, directly included in shareholders' equity.

Cost of securities sold is calculated by the moving average method.

Non-marketable securities .. Non-marketable securities classified as other securities are carried at cost determined by the moving average method.

(3) Accounting for derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value except for forward foreign exchange contracts entered into in order to hedge receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies which have been translated and are reflected at their corresponding contract rates in the non-consolidated balance sheet.

2. Depreciation of fixed assets

- (1) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated by straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives and economic residual value determined by the Company.
- (2) Amortization of intangible assets is calculated by the straight-line method.

3. Basis for Reserves and Allowances

(1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for possible bad debt at the amount estimated based on the past bad debts experience for normal receivables plus uncollectible amounts determined by reference to the collectibility of individual accounts for doubtful receivables.

(2) Accrued warranty costs

Accrued warranty costs are provided to cover the cost of all services anticipated to be incurred during the entire warranty period in accordance with the warranty contracts and based on past experience.

(3) Accrued retirement benefits

Accrued retirement benefits are provided for the payment of retirement benefits at the amount calculated based on the retirement benefit obligations and the fair value of pension plan assets at the end of this fiscal year.

The net retirement benefit obligations at transition is being amortized over a period of 15 years by the straight line method.

Prior service cost is being amortized as incurred by the straight-line method over the periods which are shorter than the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Actuarial gain or loss is amortized in the year following the year in which the gain or loss is recognized by the straight-line method over periods which are shorter than the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

4. Lease transactions

Noncancelable lease transactions are classified as operating or finance leases and accounted for accordingly.

5. Significant hedge accounting method

Hedge accounting

Deferral hedge accounting is adopted for derivatives which qualify as hedges, under which unrealized gain or loss is deferred. When forward foreign exchange contracts and other derivative transactions are entered into in order to hedge receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies, such receivables and payables are recorded at the contract rates.

Hedging instruments and hedged items

Hedging instruments - Derivative transactions

Hedged items - Hedged items are subject to the risk of loss as a result of market fluctuation and such changes are not reflected in their valuation.

Hedging policy

It is the Company's policy that all transactions denominated in foreign currencies are to be hedged.

Assessment of hedge effectiveness

Hedge effectiveness is determined by comparing the cumulative changes in cash flows or fair values from the hedging instruments with those from the hedged items.

Risk management policy with respect to hedge accounting

The Company manages its derivative transactions in accordance with its internal "Policies and Procedures for Risk Management."

6. Consumption Tax

Transactions subject to consumption tax are recorded at amounts exclusive of consumption tax.

7. Accounting Changes

Classification of freight and shipping costs

Until the year ended March 31, 2004, freight and shipping costs of the Company were included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Effective April 1, 2004, the Company began to account for the freight and shipping costs as cost of sales. This change was made in order to achieve a better matching of revenues and expenses and to present gross profit more accurately by including the freight and shipping costs in cost of sales considering the fact that shipping costs to export parts to be used for manufacture in overseas countries have increased due to the expansion of manufacturing activities outside Japan.

The effect of this change was to increase cost of sales by 88,400 million yen and to decrease gross profit and selling, general and administrative expenses by the same amount for the FY2004 (April 1, 2004 through March 31, 2005). Consequently, this change had no impact on operating income, ordinary income, income before income taxes and net income for the FY2004 (April 1, 2004 through March 31, 2005) as compared with the corresponding amounts which would have been recorded if the previous method had been followed.

2-4) Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

- 1. Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment amounted to 1,281,775 million yen.
- 2. Assets pledged as collateral: Investment securities: 130 million yen.
- 3. As endorser of documentary export bills discounted with banks: 5,301 million yen.
- 4. Guarantees and other items: ()refers to those relating to subsidiaries

Guarantees total 360,944 million yen (157,571 million yen).

including a total of 177,785 million yen in employee's residence mortgages which is insured in full and 25,500 million yen mortgages with pledge.

And a total of 84,253 million yen in Loans for construction of Canton Plant is including.

Commitments to provide guarantees total 1,416 million yen.

Letters of awareness and others total 2,686 million yen (2,686 million yen).

The Company entered into Keepwell Agreements with certain subsidiaries to support their credibility. Liabilities of such subsidiaries totaled 2,793,212 million yen.

5. Fair value information on shares issued by subsidiaries and affiliates

millions of ven

	as of Mar. 31, 2005		as of Mar. 31, 2004			
	Book value	fair value	differences	Book value	fair value	differences
Subsidiaries	91,267	191,260	99,993	10,981	56,188	45,206
Affiliates	5,815	31,791	25,976	11,435	67,207	55,772
Total	97,082	223,052	125,970	22,417	123,396	100,978

6. Lease Transactions

Disclosed by EDINET.

7. Subsequent Event

On April 15, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company has resolved to issue Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken on April 25, 2005, to employees of the Company as well as directors and employees of its subsidiaries as stock options without value in accordance with the Article 280-20 and 280-21 of the Commercial Code and the resolution of the 105th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders dated June 23, 2004. The outlines of Shin-kabu-Yoyaku-Ken are as follows:

1) Name of Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken:

Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. 3rd Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken

- 2) Kind and number of shares to be issued upon exercise of Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken: 13,395,000 common shares of the Company
- 3) Aggregate number of units of Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken to be issued: 133,950 units

 When the total number of applications for Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken fails to reach 133,950, the total number of Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken for which applications have performed shall be deemed to be the total number of Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken to be issued.
- 4) Issue price of each Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken and Issue Date:

Each Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken is to be issued for no value.

The date of issuance of Shin-kabu-Yoyaku-Ken shall be April 25, 2005.

5) Amount to be paid upon exercise of each Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken:

The amount to be paid upon exercise of the Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken shall be the amount to be paid per share for the shares to be issued or transferred upon exercise of the Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken (the "Grant Price") multiplied by the Granted Shares Number.

The Initial Grant Price shall be the average of the closing prices for regular transactions in the common stock of the Company on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. for 10(ten) consecutive transaction days from March 17, 2005 to March 31, 2005 multiplied by 1.025, and fractional numbers less than 1(one) yen shall be rounded up.

However, if the Grant Price calculated above is lower than the closing price on the Issue Date, the closing price shall be the Grant Price.

6) The number of persons and allotted number of Shin-Kabu-Yoyaku-Ken subject to this placement shall be as follows:

Targeted person classification	Number of persons	Number of allotted Shin-Kabu- Yoyaku-Ken
Employees of the Company	630	115,900
Directors of 100% owned subsidiaries of the Company	65	12,600
Employees of 100% owned subsidiaries of the Company	4	600
Directors of subsidiaries of the Company	25	4,850
Total	724	133,950

2-5) Proposal for Appropriation of Retained earnings

	as of Mar. 31, 2005	as of Mar. 31, 2004			
to this placement shall be as follows:	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen			
Unappropriated retained earnings	295,795	285,969			
Reversal of reserve for reduction of replacement cost of specified properties	4,710	13,939			
Reversal of reserve for losses on overseas investments	1,559	1,577			
Reversal of reserve for special depreciation	219	249			
Total	302,285	301,736			
The proposed appropriations are as follows:					
	Millions of Yen	Millions of Yen			
Cash dividends	52,553	48,384			
	(12 yen per share)	(11 yen per share)			
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	390	390			
Provision for reserve for reduction of replacement cost of specified properties	9,948	1,849			
Provision for reserve for special depreciation	334	266			
Retained earnings carried forward to next year	239,059	250,845			

Note:

- 1. We payed 52,765,161,972 yen (12 yen per share) as interim dividends on November 29, 2004.
- 2. The provisions for and reversals of reserves for reduction of replacement cost of specified properties, losses on overseas investments, and special depreciation are made in accordance with the Special Taxation Measures Law.

3. Directors and statutory auditors Changes

Regarding the directors and statutory auditors changes, Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. has already announced on February 21, 2005.