I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views

- Under the Nissan’s corporate purpose, we defined the company’s reason for existence in society as “Driving innovation to enrich people’s lives.” Accordingly, we will work to improve corporate governance as one of our highest priority management tasks in order to be considered a trustworthy company and provide unique and innovative automotive products and services that deliver superior measurable value to all stakeholders.

- We will conduct our business while considering society’s expectations and our social responsibilities and devote ourselves to the development of a sustainable society by aiming for sustainable growth of our business.

- We will select, as our corporation form, a company with three statutory committees, which can clearly separate management functions and supervisory, oversight and auditing functions. As such, we will improve the transparency of the decision-making process and also conduct speedy and agile business execution.

- Through the supervision, oversight, and auditing by the Board of Directors and other corporate bodies, we will ensure the effectiveness of our structure related to internal controls, compliance, and risk management. Officers and employees, including Executive Officers, will sincerely respond to the supervision, oversight, and auditing contemplated hereby.

[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] UPDATED

The information is based on the Japan’s Corporate Governance Code revised in June 2021, which includes principles for companies listed on the Prime Market applicable after April 4, 2022.

Principle 1-4 Cross-Shareholdings

2. Assessment regarding individual cross-shareholdings

The Board of Directors shall verify the purpose of holdings and the benefits associated with individual cross-shareholdings to determine the appropriateness of holdings. On top of these verification from strategic viewpoint, we will start to study other factors including the viewpoint of cost of capital.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] UPDATED

The information is based on the Japan’s Corporate Governance Code revised in June 2021, which includes principles for companies listed on the Prime Market applicable after April 4, 2022.

Principle 1-4 Cross-Shareholdings

1. Policy regarding Cross-Shareholdings

The Company’s basic policy on crossholding of stocks is to limit its collaborative/cooperative relationship with counterparties to within a reasonable scope with the aim of achieving the Company's business advantages. The Board of Directors shall verify medium- to long-term crossholding-related benefits and/or risks to determine the appropriateness of the respective crossholdings by considering the nature and/or scale of the transaction and other factors. If a continued holding is determined to be inappropriate, its treatment shall be studied, including sell-off.

3. Voting rights regarding Cross-Shareholdings

In view of the purpose of holding the stock and after thoroughly examining the management policy and strategy of the holding company, we will decide whether to approve the proposal from the perspective of improving corporate value over the medium to long term.

Principle 1-7 Related Party Transactions

The Company has an internal rule covering all transactions including those with its directors or major shareholders. Such rule provides for transactions to be reviewed by various functions e.g. financial, accounting, tax, legal, etc. and approved by the appropriate level of decider depending on the importance and nature of the
transactions.
Besides, in case of any transaction that involves conflicts of interest between the Company and a director or an executive officer, the Board Regulations provides that board approval, as well as a post-fact report of important facts associated with such a transaction to the board, are required. In addition, the Director Conflict of Interest Resolution Policy defines the conflicts of interest between a director and the Company, requires directors to report any actual, potential or perceived conflicts and also establishes the procedures to resolve such conflicts.

Supplementary Principle 2-4-1 Ensure diversity in core human resources
(1) Promoting workplace diversity
Since the start of Alliance in 1999, Nissan has pioneered to promote diversity and inclusion as one of its key corporate strategies in Japan. Diversity and inclusion is now embedded into the corporate culture or DNA of Nissan. Nissan has recently upheld its Diversity & Inclusion mission: ‘Foster a diverse and inclusive environment where we value and respect employees to drive innovation in automotive products and services that enrich people’s lives’, and now is accelerating its penetration as a source of company’s competitiveness. Employees with different personalities and ways of thinking putting their heads together leads to the creation of new value while meeting the increasingly diverse needs of our customers. We place great importance on establishing a truly inclusive organization where employees can demonstrate their potential to the fullest, which is our corporate strength. We have established Global Diversity & Inclusion council chaired by CEO with executives representing respective division and regions as its members, which makes decisions on Global Diversity & Inclusion policy and direction of initiatives. Also, regional Diversity & Inclusion councils have been set up / under setting up with respective regions’ heads as chairperson so that the regions can execute the initiatives as global Nissan actions in alignment with the Global council’s decision as well as making their effort to handle various diversity issues faced locally.

(2) Actively hiring females, non-Japanese and mid-career talents
Nissan has nurtured a corporate culture that allows anyone to perform their potential to the fullest regardless of their genders, nationalities or career backgrounds, which is well reflected in high percentage of female, non-Japanese and mid-career talents in management.

i) Female manager ratio
   ・Ratio based on Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. (Japan)
   Actual (April 2021): 10.4%, Objective:13.0%, (by April 2023)
   ・Ratio based on Global Nissan group
   Actual (April 2021): 14.7%
We will set mid-long-term objective to further increase the number of female managers.

Our female ratio in management is top level among peers in the automotive industry or manufacturers in general.
We will continuously support females’ career development through a range of measures, such as talent development trainings, mentoring programs, career interviews by career advisors, employee mixer events, to help females overcome obstacles unique to their gender in their career pursuit. CEO, COO and all the rest of executives communicates directly with female leaders, young employees and mid-career talents at roundtable events, actively committing themselves to females’ career development. Nissan has received considerable external recognition such as third level “Eruboshi” accreditation as a company that successfully promotes female participation in the workplace. Nissan is accelerating women’s empowerment not only in Japan but globally.

ii) Non-Japanese manager ratio
   ・Ratio based on Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. (Japan)
   Actual 6.5% (April 2021), Objective: better than current ratio
Taking advantage of Alliance start in 1999, Nissan has been actively empowering non-Japanese talents.
Nissan’s non-Japanese ratio in management is top level among the Japanese companies. We continue to hire, develop and promote talents regardless of nationalities.
iii) Mid-career recruitment manager ratio

- Ratio based on Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. (Japan)
  
  Actual 35.3% (April 2021), Objective: better than current ratio.

On a regular basis, Nissan has been hiring, developing and promoting talents with various career backgrounds. Nissan’s mid-career recruitment ratio in management is high among the Japanese companies. We continue to hire, develop and promote talents with various career backgrounds.

Furthermore, Nissan has been diverse in executive level. Among the officers defined by the Companies Act (Board of Directors and Executive Officers), female ratio is 20% and non-Japanese ratio is 47%.

(3) Nurturing and Retaining Diverse Talents

In order to leverage diversity as a true strength, create greater values, and meet the diverse needs of customers, we believe it is important to establish a culture of diversity and inclusion, where employees acknowledge and accept each other without discrimination or prejudice.

Nissan has provided local events and worldwide trainings on the theme of diversity continuously. To provide career opportunities equally to all employees regardless gender, career histories, culture and generation, we promote to implement diversity management training for management and unconscious bias training for all employees globally, by which we ultimately improve our organizational capability. Also the employees can learn about the idea of Diversity & Inclusion and related internal effort through articles on the global intranet or e-learning trainings.

(4) Aligning work environment to varied needs of diverse talents

Nissan is implementing a series of workstyle reforms that provide a crucial foundation for supporting Diversity & Inclusion, allowing employees with a range of values and life needs to perform at their best.

In 1990s we started to encourage the employees to use paid leave and introduce flex time work arrangement in order to increase flexibility in the employees’ work ways. Remote working system was also available regardless of reasons even before the pandemic. This is how we have provided the employees with varied work way options they can choose according to their individual situation.

We are building an environment to help employees who balance work with childcare through both facilities, such as in-house childcare centers, and initiatives, such as seminars and organizational support. Onsite nurseries started to set up first at Nissan Technical Center (NTC) in 2005, then at Nissan Global Information System Center (NGIC) and at Nissan Global Headquarters (GHQ) in 2012 and 2013 respectively. Most recently in 2017, our first onsite nursery on our plant premise was set up in Oppama. The nursery opens through all shift hours to support female operators working at the plant.

Both Nissan’s Diversity & Inclusion initiatives and its attitude of placing emphasis on employee diversity, has been promoted globally in consistent and have received external recognition. In Japan Nissan became the first company in Kanagawa Prefecture to earn ‘Platinum Kurumin’ certification in 2015 which is granted to Kurumin accredited companies that provide an even higher standard of child care support. In Canada, in 2020, Nissan was selected as a top 100 ideal employers for fifth consecutive year and have also been certified as Great Place to Work. In Mexico NR Finance Mexico was recognized by “Human Rights Campaign (HRC)” Equidad MX as the “Best LGBT Places to Work 2021”. These high recognitions prove that our strong commitment to Diversity & Inclusion has been bearing fruits and diversity is adding our business competitiveness.

For more details about our effort for nurturing and retaining workforce diversity, please read our Diversity & Inclusion homepage and sustainability report ‘Diversity & Inclusion’.

- Sustainability Report 2021(P.122) Diversity & Inclusion
- Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. Homepage Diversity & Inclusion
  https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/COMPANY/INCLUSION/TOP/

Principle 2-6 Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owners

Nissan adopts contract type defined benefit corporate pension plan.
Decisions on matters related to the pension fund investment such as asset allocation ratio and operational structure is made based on the ‘Basic Pension Plan Investment Policy’ by Investment Committee consisted of the Finance executives and other proper talents and the investment of each fund is entrusted to external expert institutions to avoid the conflict of interests between the subscribers, beneficiaries, and the Company. Also, Corporate Pension Management Committee which is consisted of those who represent HR, Treasury, Control, Internal Auditing, Legal, and the Labor Union are regularly convened to check on the overall state of financial management and investment to ensure stable asset building for the subscribers and the beneficiaries and sound management of the pension plan on the continued basis.

Principle 3-1 Full Disclosure
(1) Company objectives (e.g., business principles), business strategies and business plans
For our corporate purpose and mission, refer to:
https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/COMPANY/MESSAGE/VISION/
For our mid-term plan, refer to: https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/IR/MIDTERMPLAN/

(2) Basic views and guidelines on corporate governance
Refer to I-1. Basic Policy of this report.

(3) Board policies and procedures in determining the remuneration of senior management and directors
The compensation policies are disclosed in pages 58 to 61 of Financial Information as of March 31, 2021

(4) Board policies and procedures in the appointment/dismissal of the senior management and the nomination of directors candidates
The company has established its Corporate Governance Guideline (https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/COMPANY/PROFILE/CORPORATEGOVERNANCE/pdf/Guidelines_EN.pdf), the nomination policy for directors is defined in Article 15 thereof.
Regarding the process of nomination, the Nomination Committee has the right to determine the necessary general principles and the contents of a proposal (of which to be submitted to the general shareholders meeting) regarding the appointment and dismissal of directors.
The Nomination Committee also determine the proposal regarding the representative executive officers, to be submitted to the board of directors for its decision.
The representative executive officer proposes the candidates of executive officers to the board of directors for its decision.

(5) The rationale for the nomination of individual appointment/dismissal and nomination based on the above (4)
The rationale for selection and nomination of each director candidate is as explained in the general shareholder meeting reference materials. Each candidate's experience etc. as provided therein is consistent with the company's policy for nominating directors.
As for appointment of representative executive officers, the Nomination Committee determined the proposal to the board of directors considering the candidates' management skill and experience etc. for the decision by the board of directors. Executive officers were proposed by representative executive officer considering the management skill and experience etc. and appointed by the board of directors.

Supplementary Principle 3-1-3 Disclosure of Sustainability Initiatives
(1) Sustainability initiatives and governance
To realize our corporate purpose, "Driving Innovation to Enrich People's Lives", Nissan will create innovative vehicles and services that are full of originality and provide excellent value to all stakeholders as a trusted company. To this end, we frequently discuss social and environmental issues at the top management level meetings, and we are implementing a sustainability strategy that identifies key issues that should be addressed by the entire group company as a global company and as an automaker. "Nissan Sustainability 2022" formulated in 2018 supports the execution of our Corporate Mid-term Strategy clarifies our key issues from the "E
Corporate Governance Report

(Environmental), “S (Social)” and “G (Governance)” point of view, aiming for sustainable growth as a company
and shows our efforts to contribute to the sustainable society development.

Nissan’s ultimate goals are realizing “Zero emission” to achieve carbon neutrality in the entire life cycle of the
vehicle, including business operations by 2050, and “Zero fatality” to eliminate virtually all fatalities that result
from traffic accidents involving Nissan vehicles.

“EV leadership” and “Expansion of Autonomous Driving vehicles” in our corporate strategy are specific themes for
the realization of “Zero emission” and “Zero fatality” and Nissan promotes relevant activities by setting long-term
visions, the goals for 2022, KPIs and target for more detailed ESG initiatives in “Nissan Sustainability 2022”. In
addition, Nissan will work together by growing as an inclusive organization that supports a diverse range of
employees in demonstrating their abilities and developing as professionals over the medium and long term.
Furthermore, we review the key issues as appropriate based on the concerns and interests of our stakeholders and
the latest trends in technological innovation and reflect them in our sustainability strategy.

Company-wide management of specific activities under Nissan’s sustainability strategy, from setting goals to
monitoring progress, is the responsibility of the Global Sustainability Steering Committee, held twice a year
chaired by the company’s Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO). And the results of discussions at the Global
Sustainability Steering Committee are reported and proposed to the Executive Committee (EC), Nissan’s highest
decision-making body, which then uses that information to make decisions on sustainability policies and future
initiatives.

From fiscal year 2021, Nissan reflects in our Executives’ compensation system the perspective of whether our
response to the sustainability (environmental and social) issues meets the expectation from the society.

Nissan is currently considering what kind of value we will create over the long term and contribute to solving
social issues and achieving SDGs goals, not only to realize the sustainability of the company but also to the society
by utilizing an "Outside-In approach" to contribute to sustainability and are actively discussing it among relevant
executives, including Executive Committee members.

In November 2021, Nissan announced our long-term vision “Nissan Ambition 2030” and we are working to realize
our corporate purpose by incorporating sustainability into its management framework and corporate strategy
more clearly.

Please visit the following site if you need more information.

- Nissan sustainability-related information.
  https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/SUSTAINABILITY/
- "Sustainability Report 2021"
  https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/SUSTAINABILITY/LIBRARY/SR/2021/

(2) Impact of climate change risks and profit opportunities on our business activities and profits

In January 2021, Nissan has announced the goal to achieve carbon neutrality across the company’s operations
and the life cycle of its products by 2050. As part of this effort, by the early 2030s, every all-new Nissan vehicle
offering in key markets will be electrified and pursue further innovations in electrification and manufacturing
technology.

“Life cycle” includes raw material extraction, entire company’s operations including manufacturing, use of vehicle,
and the recycling or reuse of end-of-life vehicles. Currently, we are strengthening the resilience of our
environmental strategy by restructuring each life cycle target and promoting electrification to secure
opportunities within a future decarbonized society.

These value-creating activities toward decarbonized society embody Nissan’s corporate purpose of “Driving
innovation to enrich people’s lives” and contributes to future business activities and profits.

In addition, we not only supported the TCFD* recommendations but also participated in the launching of the
TCFD Consortium in Japan. The impact of climate change-related risks and opportunities to the business
activities, management strategies, and financial plans have been reviewed through the various scenarios and
disclosed in the financial report and sustainability report.

Please follow each link for details.

- Financial Information (The English translation of the “Yukashoken-Houkokusho”) (P19) - Risks associated
Investing in human resources and intellectual properties

Nissan sees its employees as its most valued assets and their development essential for the growth of both the Company and individual employees. To nurture a strong culture of voluntary and active self-learning of the employees, a range of talent development measures have been taken to help individuals reach their full potential, which will drive the Company's growth as well. Nissan is offering a full variety of trainings to help individuals reach their full potential, which will drive the Company's growth as well. Nissan is offering a full variety of trainings to meet the employees' varied needs for their career development both in knowledge and skills on themes such as effective management, business in general, or leadership.

To be specific, we have mandatory trainings designed for respective career stages and different job grades, as well as optional trainings that people can choose according to their interest, and e-learning courses available globally for their further self-study. We are also shifting from in-class trainings to online trainings to change with changing times, building infrastructure for the employees to take their trainings remotely on their personal mobile devices. In FY20, our online courses were accessed by 330,784 people who spent a total of 549,490 hours on our online courses. That was 24.3 hours per person and their satisfaction rating was 4.2 or above (Highest rating: 5.0). Amount invested on each talent was 83,000 yen.

Increasing our business competitiveness is essential for the Company to survive and thrive in future. And investing on the source of our competitiveness, that is, talent especially in R&D as well as intellectual property is crucial. So, we will keep active investment on our valued assets.

As one of examples for our investment on human resources, we established Nissan Software Training Center (STC) at the site of Nissan Advanced Technology Center (NATC) in 2017 to develop engineers who have skills for both cars and software development. The ongoing technological advances in CASE areas foretells us that software will hold the key to car business success in future. STC has provided both knowledge and skill courses to develop talents who can fulfill their jobs in the coming digitalization age.

Nissan's Intellectual Property management covers a wide range of areas, including R&D, Manufacturing and Design.

An example of Nissan's investment in the creation and acquisition of intellectual property rights is the company's 503.5 billion yen investment in R&D in FY20 to accelerate R&D activities at Nissan's global technical centers mainly towards the realization of Vehicle Electrification and Intelligence. Nissan has been strategically promoting the development of a high-quality global patent portfolio as the deliverables of R&D, focusing particularly on cutting-edge technologies needed to produce competitive products in areas such as Autonomous Driving and Electrification in the era of CASE.

In addition, Nissan has cultivated an environment that promotes innovation, taking measures to make it easier for engineers to create and protect patentable inventions. For the eighth consecutive year, Nissan has been selected by Clarivate Analytics, a UK-based research firm, to be included in their “Clarivate Top 100 Global Innovators 2021” list. Based on Clarivate’s patent data, they evaluate patents of global companies in terms of the four criteria of “Volume”, “Influence”, “Success”, and “Globalization”. Thanks to our continuous investment in intellectual property rights, valuable assets have certainly accumulated in our company.

Nissan is also actively investing in intellectual property other than patents, such as trademarks and designs. To strengthen our brand power as a part of corporate competitiveness, Nissan has been strategically creating a global
trademark portfolio in accordance with our market size, which consists of house marks, vehicle model names and technology names that promote and strengthen our brands. For the unique designs of our products, Nissan has applied for design patents and built a global design patent portfolio to prevent others from imitating Nissan’s unique designs.

Supplementary Principle 4-1-1 Roles and Responsibilities of the Board
The Company selected, as its corporation form, the company with three statutory committees system which can clearly separate management functions and supervisory, oversight and auditing functions. The Board of Directors has established Board Regulations matters to be resolved by the board, including the matters defined in laws and the Articles of Incorporation, such as the basic management policies. The Board of Directors shall decide on important matters set forth in the Regulations of the Board of Directors, and, in order to carry out effective and flexible management, as a general rule, delegates its power to decide on business activities to executive officers. Further, we set forth internal rules specifying the scope of delegation to representative executive officers, other executive officers and corporate officers.

Principle 4-9 Independence Standards and Qualification for Independent Directors

Supplementary Principle 4-10-1 Establishment of independent nomination committee and compensation committee and the mandates, roles policy regarding the independence of the composition.
The company applies a structure with three committees therefore this supplementary principle is not applicable to the company.

Supplementary Principle 4-11-1 Preconditions for Board Effectiveness
The Company secures high degree of independence at composition of the Board of Directors and the Statutory Committees to fully fulfill the function and role of supervising the execution side. The Board of Directors, Nomination Committee and Audit Committee appoint Independent Outside Directors for the majority of their members and for their chair, and the Compensation Committee appoints Independent Outside Directors for all of its members and for its chair. In order to ensure diversity of viewpoints, the Company considers the following factors upon nominating the directors: nationality, gender, age, professional knowledge and experience. At present 12 directors are from 5 countries, of which 2 members are women, and each individual has different professional background. The Company set strict conditions to appoint the Independent Outside Directors in order to ensure the independency and a Nomination Policy of the Directors and Committee members in the Corporate Governance Guideline Chapter IV. (https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/COMPANY/PROFILE/CORPORATEGOVERNANCE/pdf/Guidelines_EN.pdf). And also, the Company discloses the skill matrix of the Directors in the Corporate Governance Overview. (https://www.nissan-global.com/EN/COMPANY/PROFILE/CORPORATEGOVERNANCE/pdf/Overview_EN.pdf)

Supplementary Principle 4-11-2 Preconditions for Board Effectiveness
Upon appointing the Directors, the Nomination Committee confirms that Directors are able to devote sufficient time and effort to fulfill their duties. The status of major concurrently held offices of Directors are explained in the Business report and General shareholder meeting reference material.

Supplementary Principle 4-11-3 Analysis and evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board
<Implementation of effectiveness evaluation>
The Company is conducting the Board of Directors Effectiveness Evaluation once a year, to enhance the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and its management environment continuously. The evaluation was conducted along with evaluation items hereunder and based on the results, the effectiveness was analyzed and evaluated in comparison with previous year’s evaluation results and taking the response to the previous year’s initiatives into account. The outcome was discussed and the measures to enhance further the effectiveness were
confirmed at the Board of Directors.
While the evaluation result was audited by the Audit committee, this year the third-party organization which was used the previous time for the preparation of questionnaires and consolidation, analysis of responses, was not used due to no change in the questionnaires from last time, from the viewpoint of ensuring the continuity.

<FY2020 Evaluation items>
All the Directors conducted the evaluation for the items hereunder based on questionnaires.
A. Board composition: Diversity of Board members, Composition ratio and number of outside and inside directors, etc.
B. Role & Responsibilities: Clarification of responsibility and expected role of the Board, etc.
C. Information provided: Briefing of the Board agenda, Quality, volume and timing of information provided, etc.
D. Contents of the discussion: Frequency, duration, selection of the Board agenda, discussion over business report and mid-to long-term perspective, etc.
E. Execution structure: Communication, mutual understanding between execution and supervision side, group governance, internal control etc.
F. Relation/dialogue with shareholders/investors: Frequency of communication and dialogues with shareholders/investors, and understanding on their viewpoint

<Result of evaluation this year and further initiatives>
1. Overall evaluation:
At the Board of Directors of the Company, in FY2020, communication and lively discussions with the execution side was carried out from various perspectives, focusing on management-related matters such as involvement in the business strategy development including business transformation – NISSAN NEXT planning and monitoring of the progress of business execution. It was evaluated that the effectiveness of the Board is secured.

2. Further initiatives:
The Board of Directors confirmed to work for the following matters in order to strengthen the corporate governance of the Company and enhance its corporate value.
- In order to fulfill the supervision responsibility, which is an important role of the Board of Directors, continue to discuss management strategies for sustainable growth and corporate value of the Company over the mid-to long-term period.
- In line with mid-to long-term discussions, in order to promote the understanding of outside directors regarding specific initiatives of the Company, continue to provide information on companies and businesses such as business-site visit and participation to the events, taking into account the situation of COVID-19.
- From FY2020, Corporate governance system of the Company has been confirmed as quickly-established and steadily-implemented. In order to promote understanding of Directors, to conduct the report of the systems and initiatives regarding corporate risk management, group companies and overseas regions.
- Further improvement for briefing of the Board agenda and the provision of information.

Supplementary Principle 4-14-2 Director Training
We provide trainings, including, but not limited to those regarding code of conduct, compliance and information security to directors, and provide explanations about the business and offer opportunities to observe the business as necessary.

Principle 5-1 Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders
i) A member of the management or a director responsible for constructive dialogue with shareholders: The Company (under responsibility of Corporate Officer in Charge of IR) engages in constructive dialogue with shareholders and investors and will build a relationship of mutual trust through timely and adequate disclosure of company information and continuous communication.
ii) Measures to ensure positive cooperation between internal departments with the aim of supporting dialogue:
We have a dedicated IR department, and it will conduct the above dialogue by cooperating with other departments as necessary, such as the corporate planning, finance, accounting and legal departments, and obtaining necessary information.

iii) Measures to promote opportunities for dialogue:
For analysts and institutional investors, we have held timely financial results briefing sessions, as well as business strategy briefings consistent with the interests of investors etc. Further we meet with overseas investors on a regular basis. As for individual shareholders and individual investors, we have held shareholder get-togethers after the shareholder meeting in order to provide opportunities for direct dialogue between the shareholders and management, and also held joint briefing sessions with securities companies about the Company for individual investors.

iv) Measures to relay shareholder views and concerns to the management:
Comments from shareholders and investors obtained through the above dialogue are provided to management through the corporate officer in charge, and referred to by management.

v) Measures to control insider information when engaging in dialogue:
In order to prevent insider trading, we refrain from communications related to our financial information for the period from the day after the end of each financial quarter until the date of official announcement of our financial information.

2. Capital Structure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Foreign Shareholding Ratio</th>
<th>More than 30%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Major Shareholders**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status of Major Shareholders</th>
<th>Number of Shares Owned</th>
<th>Percentage (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Renault S.A.</td>
<td>1,831,837,027</td>
<td>43.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Master Trust Bank of Japan (Shintaku-guchi)</td>
<td>311,353,400</td>
<td>7.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London</td>
<td>126,373,601</td>
<td>2.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custody Bank of Japan (Shintaku-guchi)</td>
<td>103,739,500</td>
<td>2.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Street Bank West Client · Treaty 505234</td>
<td>37,856,250</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nippon Life Insurance</td>
<td>37,820,052</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custody Bank of Japan (Shintaku-guchi 9)</td>
<td>37,144,400</td>
<td>0.88</td>
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<tr>
<td>SSBTC CLIENT OMNIBUS ACCOUNT</td>
<td>31,957,458</td>
<td>0.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custody Bank of Japan (Shintaku-guchi 7)</td>
<td>28,207,400</td>
<td>0.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moxley and Co. LLC</td>
<td>27,884,063</td>
<td>0.66</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Controlling Shareholder (except for Parent Company) | N/A

Parent Company | N/A

Supplementary Explanation

3. Corporate Attributes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Listed Stock Exchange and Market Section</th>
<th>Tokyo Stock Exchange(First Section)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal Year End</td>
<td>March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Business</td>
<td>Transportation Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Employees (consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year</td>
<td>More than 1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales (consolidated) in the Previous Fiscal Year</td>
<td>More than ¥1 trillion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year</td>
<td>From 100 to less than 300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder
5. Other Special Circumstances which may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

(1) Concept of and policies for group management

We put our corporate purpose “Driving innovation to enrich people’s lives” at the center of our activities. We share the significance of being in society as a company with the entire group and we are building an adaptive organization that embraces new ways of delivering value with a strong resilient spirit that makes us agile and sustainable. Nissan Shatai Co., Ltd. (hereinafter: the company) is the listed subsidiary which we have 43.1% of the total number of the issued shares. While respecting the independence of the management of the company, we maintain close cooperative relationships with the company and our group companies in conducting business activities.

(2) Reasons for having the listed subsidiaries

Nissan Shatai Co., Ltd.

The company is an automobile manufacturer that produced 139,000 vehicles a year in FY2020. The company that has comprehensive functions from vehicle development work centered on LCVs and frame vehicles to production preparation such as factory production line design and equipment introduction, vehicle production, and quality assurance. We recognize that the company plays an important position in our business. In the field of vehicle production, the company contributes to providing our products to global customers through efficient and high-quality vehicle production. We recognize that maintaining the company as a listed company is rational because it contributes to a more equitable evaluation of the company’s competitiveness in the market as an automobile manufacturer.

(3) Methods to ensure effectiveness of governance system of the listed subsidiaries

The company has two independent outside directors out of six directors. In addition, in January 2020, in order to increase the transparency and objectivity of the procedures used for decisions concerning nomination of directors and statutory auditors of the company and remuneration for directors, a nomination and remuneration committee consisting of a majority of independent outside directors were established. In addition, the company has established a Business Monitoring Committee consisting of independent outside directors and independent outside statutory auditors to deliberate on the details of negotiations on certain important transactions with the company. We respect such efforts of the company to enhance the transparency and objectivity of the company and the independence of management, and strives not to impair the common interests of shareholders.

(4) Contract and its content that is related to the concept and policy for management

We have a manufacturing consignment contract for automobile transactions with the company. The transaction price with the company is determined by negotiations taking into account of the total cost of manufacturing.
### Corporate Governance Report

#### Outside Directors’ Relationship with the Company (2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Committee</th>
<th>Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship</th>
<th>Reasons of Appointment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yasushi Kimura</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>He has experience serving as top management in a key industry in Japan. He also has</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>wealth of experience and deep insight in corporate management and leadership experience</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>in Japan Business Federation (Keidanren), as well as Chairman of Petroleum Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>of Japan (PAJ). Nissan expects him to continuously contribute to the Company through</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>his Global management, Governance, and Sales/Marketing skills. Since his inauguration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>in June 2019, Mr. Kimura has supervised the companies’ overall management providing an</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>objective and broad perspective as the Chair of the Board of Directors, Member of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nomination Committee, Member of the Audit Committee and he has fulfilled the duties of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>outside director. Therefore, the Company appointed him as an outside director for Nissan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>And he meets the requirements of Independent Director of the Tokyo Stock Exchange as</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>well as “Director&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Name and Attribute

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Relationship with the Company *1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yasushi Kimura</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td>△</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masakazu Toyoda</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keiko Ihara</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motoo Nagai</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td>△</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bernard Delmas</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td>△</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andrew House</td>
<td>From another company</td>
<td>△</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jenifer Rogers</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Categories for “Relationship with the Company”
  * ○ when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
  * △ when the director fell under the category in the past
  * ● when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
  * ▲ when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past
  a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
  b. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
  c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
  d. A party who has a significant business relationship with the Company or an executive thereof
  e. A party with whom the Company has a significant business relationship or an executive thereof
  f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director/statutory auditor
  g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
  h. Executive of a party with whom the Company has a business relationship (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)
  i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside directors/statutory auditors are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)
  j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
  k. Others

* If the person corresponds to each item in "current/recent", ○; if corresponding to "past", △
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Independence Standards™ of the Company</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Masakazu Toyoda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○</td>
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<tr>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>He has held prominent positions,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>including Vice-Minister for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>International Affairs of METI, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Advisor to the Cabinet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secretariat. He also has wealth of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>experience and deep insight in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>economics, international trade,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>energy and environment. Nissan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>expects him to continuously</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contribute to the Company through</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>his Global management, Government,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and Governance skills. Since his</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inauguration in June 2018, Mr. Toyoda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>has supervised the companies’ overall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>management providing an objective and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>broad perspective as the Lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>independent outside director, Chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of the Nomination Committee, Member</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of the Audit Committee and he has</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fulfilled the duties of outside</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>director. Therefore, the Company</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>appointed him as an outside director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>for Nissan. And he meets the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>requirements of Independent Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of the Tokyo Stock Exchange as well</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>as “Director Independence Standards”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of the Company.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keiko Ihara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○</td>
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<tr>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○</td>
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<tr>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due to her wealth of experience and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>deep insight in the auto industry as</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>an international female racing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>driver, being many years involved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with domestic and global auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>makers including technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>development and popularization of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>eco-friendly car and MaaS research</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at University research institute.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Also, Ms. Ihara has an extensive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>business experience leading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>organizational governance and talent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>development in international</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>organization. Nissan expects her to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>continuously contribute to the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company through her Global</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>management, Automobile Industry,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and Governance skills. Since her</td>
</tr>
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<td>inauguration in June 2018, Ms. Ihara</td>
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<td>has supervised the companies’ overall</td>
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<tr>
<td>management providing an objective and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>broad perspective as the Chair of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensation Committee, Member of the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nomination Committee, and she has</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fulfilled the duties of outside</td>
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<tr>
<td>director. Therefore, the Company</td>
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<td>appointed her as an outside director</td>
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<td>for Nissan. And she meets the</td>
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<tr>
<td>requirements of Independent Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of the Tokyo Stock Exchange as well</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>as “Director Independence Standards”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of the Company.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motoo Nagai</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bernard Delmas</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Andrew House | Due to his wealth of experience and deep insight in international business management, understanding of customer needs and consumer products, and emerging technologies through key roles in global companies. Having worked both inside and outside Japan, he has a strong cross-
cultural perspective. Nissan expects him to continuously contribute to the Company through his Global management, Product/Technology, and Sales/Marketing skills. Since his inauguration in June 2019, he has supervised the companies’ overall management providing an objective and broad perspective as the Member of the Nomination Committee and he has fulfilled the duties of outside director. Therefore, the Company appointed him as an outside director for Nissan. And he meets the requirements of Independent Director of the Tokyo Stock Exchange as well as “Director Independence Standards” of the Company.

Due to her wealth of experience and deep insight in legal, compliance and risk management expertise. She comes with solid board experience at globally-operating Japanese corporations, and experience as an in-house lawyer and head of a range of legal functions in international financial institutions. Nissan expects her to continuously contribute to the Company through her Global management, Legal/Risk Management, and Governance skills. Since her inauguration in June 2019, she has supervised the companies’ overall management providing an objective and broad perspective as the Member of the Compensation Committee, Member of Audit Committee and she has fulfilled the duties of outside director. Therefore, the Company appointed her as an outside director for Nissan. And she meets the requirements of Independent Director of the Tokyo Stock Exchange as well as “Director Independence Standards” of the Company.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Three statutory-committees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Constitution and Chair of each Committee

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Full-Time</th>
<th>Internal Directors</th>
<th>Outside Directors</th>
<th>Chair</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nomination Committee</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Outside Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compensation Committee</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Outside Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audit Committee</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Outside Director</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Status of Additional Duties | UPDATED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Representative Authority</th>
<th>Additional Duties as Director</th>
<th>Additional Duties as Employee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jenifer Rogers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Nomination</td>
<td>Compensation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Corporate Governance Report

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Committee Member</th>
<th>Committee Member</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Makoto Uchida</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ashwani Gupta</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephen Ma</td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hideyuki Sakamoto</td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asako Hoshino</td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kunio Nakaguro</td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### [Auditing Structure]

**Appointment of Directors and/or Staff to Support the Audit Committee:** Appointed

Matters Related to the Independence of Such Directors and/or Staff from Executive Officers

- The Company has Audit Committee secretariat as an organization to support the activities of the Company’s Audit Committee. The required number of staff members shall be assigned to the Audit Committee secretariat and they carry out their duties under the direction of the Audit Committee member.
- The evaluation of staff members in the Audit Committee secretariat shall be discussed among the Audit Committee members, and consent of the Audit Committee is necessary for personnel changes and disciplinary actions.

Cooperation among Audit Committee, Independent Auditors and Internal Audit Department

- The Audit Committee, in conducting its audits, cooperates with the internal audit department and the independent auditors in an appropriate manner, making efforts to enhance the effectiveness of “tri-parties” audit. Under the leadership of the Audit Committee, collaboration among three parties is contributing to the enhancement of the effectiveness of internal control systems by sharing information on the issues pointed out by their respective audits and the status of their remediation in a timely manner. Further, the Audit Committee supervises the internal audit department, periodically receives reports from them on the progress and results of their internal audit activities conducted in accordance with their internal audit plan and, as necessary, gives them instructions regarding internal audit. The Audit Committee receive similar reports from the Independent Auditor, as well as detailed explanations on the status of the quality control of internal audits, to confirm whether their oversight is at a suitable level.

#### [Independent Directors]

**Number of Independent Directors:** 7

Matters relating to Independent Directors

- All Outside Directors that meet the requirements of Independent Directors have been designated as Independent Directors.

#### [Incentives]

**Incentive Policies for Directors / Executive Officers:** Performance based cash incentive, Others

Supplementary Explanation

- Variable compensation consists of an "annual bonus" paid according to annual business performance, and two types of long-term incentive compensation designed to motivate executives to take actions that enhance shareholder value and sustainable growth and profitability for the company. Long-term incentive compensation consists of both a grant of a non-performance-linked compensation “restricted stock units” (RSU)“ and an award of a “performance-based cash incentive” that pays only when goals are achieved. As a result, the Company’s executive officers’ performance-based variable compensation programs are designed to motivate management to achieve both annual performance objectives as well as medium- and long-term business performance objectives.

#### [Compensation for Directors and Executive Officers]

**Disclosure of Individual Directors’ Remuneration:** Only for certain Directors

**Disclosure of Individual Executive Officers’ Remuneration:** Only for certain Executive Officers

Supplementary Explanation

- Details of the Director Remuneration are disclosed in accordance with related laws and regulations such as Corporate law, Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and Cabinet Office Ordinance on Disclosure of Corporate Affairs, etc.
### Disclosure of Policy on Determining Compensation Amounts and Calculation Methods

Executive compensation is designed to be motivated to create maximum value for our stakeholders, including our customers, shareholders, the communities in which we operate, and our employees. Based on this policy, the remuneration of directors and executive officers shall be determined by comprehensively considering the following principles.

- **Governance and oversight responsibilities**
  The Company is committed to further improving corporate governance, compliance, and corporate ethics. With regard to the compensation program, the Company will appropriately supervise whether it is operated effectively and is in line with the policy.

- **Fairness and transparency**
  A fair and consistent reward program regardless of race, gender, nationality or individual attributes. The system of performance evaluation and compensation shall be transparent and open and shall be treated fairly.

- **Value creation and accountability**
  It is a reward program that leads to performance and actions that can create long-term value for our stakeholders such as customers, shareholders, the communities in which we operate, and employees.

- **Superiority**
  The Company provides competitive rewards that are comparable to competing automobile companies and large global companies in securing human resources.

- **Effectiveness of operation**
  Compensation programs shall be appropriately operated, understandable to executives, cost-effective, and globally applicable.

- **Change and adaptation**
  The Company are expanding our business globally in an environment where technology and people's lives are changing drastically. Therefore, from the perspective of global standards, the Company will continue to adapt our compensation programs to the diversity of the talent market and business environment.

### Supporting System for Independent Directors

The Company established the Board of Directors Office, where information is collected smoothly and appropriately so that directors can effectively fulfill their roles and responsibilities, and including independent outside directors meetings, necessary activities are carried out in order for directors to discuss a wide range of issues related to the company's corporate governance and business matters from the viewpoint of supervising the execution.

### Status of persons who have retired from a position such as Representative Director and President

| Name, etc., of Counselors, Advisors, etc., who have formerly served as Representative Director and President, etc., of the Company | None |
| Total number of Counselors, Advisors, etc., who have formerly served as Representative Director and President, etc., of the Company | None |

### Other

- The board resolved to abolish Advisor and Consultant (Soudanyaku and Komon) scheme in principle, on January 14th, 2020.
- However, the company engage Special Advisor to past Corporate Officers and above to perform industrial activity or external activity which is beneficial to the Company. The Special Advisor is not paid, basically.

In the following cases, the company will engage Special Advisor under stricter procedure.

1. Past executive officers' engagement to the Special Advisor will be reported to the board.
2. If past Executive Officer will be engaged to the duties which is not stated at the Special Advisor Regulations, the details of such duties shall be determined by the Board after deliberations at the Nomination Committee.
3. In cases where the Company pays compensation to Special Advisors who have held the position of Executive
Officer as consideration for the performance of duties, the specific details of the compensation shall be determined by the Board after deliberations at the Compensation Committee.

2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing and Supervision, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)

① Activities of the Board of Directors
   The board of directors of the Company is chaired by independent outside directors, and 7 of the 12 directors are independent outside directors. Based on laws and the Regulations of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors makes decisions on important matters related to the company’s group management such as the draft agenda of general meeting of shareholders, members of each committee, business plans, and product strategies.
   Board activities during this fiscal year are as follows
   • Quarterly financial reports
   • Regular reports of the business execution status and progress of NISSAN NEXT, the business structure reform plan
   • Regular reports of activities related to internal control
   In order to promote understanding of our business, we carry out various training programs for directors throughout the year, such as business briefings from executives, site visits, and lecture about corporate governance etc.
   The board of directors also carried out discussion sessions between the independent outside directors and the independent auditors to exchange opinions about subjects such as Key Audit Matters (KAM) and companies’ long term value, twice in this fiscal year.

② Activities of the each committee
   ● Nomination Committee
     The Board of Directors appoints the committee chair from an independent outside director and appoints six committee members, five of whom are independent outside directors. The Nomination Committee has the authority to determine the content of the general shareholders meeting agenda concerning the appointment and dismissal of Directors. In addition, the committee has the authority to decide on the content of the Board of Directors meeting agenda concerning the appointment and dismissal of the Representative Executive Officer and the authority to formulate an appropriate succession plan regarding the President and Chief Executive Officer.
     Committee activities during this fiscal year are as follows
     • Discussed Representative Executive Officer’s appointment proposal.
     • Discussed director’s appointment proposal to be submitted to 122nd Annual General Shareholders meeting.
     • Discussed the President and Chief Executive Officer’s succession plan process.
   ● Compensation Committee
     All four members of the Compensation Committee are Independent Outside Directors, including the Chair. The Compensation Committee has the statutory authority to determine the policy of individual compensation of the Company’s directors and executive officers and the contents of individual compensation for directors and executive officers.
     The Compensation Committee’s activities during FY2020 included the following
     • Confirming a policy for compensating directors and executive officers
     • Selecting benchmark companies and discussing the level of compensation based on the benchmark results of these companies and the results of surveys conducted by external compensation consultants.
     • Determining the aggregate and individual amounts of director and executive officer of compensation for FY2020.
     • Selecting and implementing a new long term incentive compensation program.
   ● Audit Committee
     The Chair is an independent outside director, and 4 out of 5 members are independent outside directors. As
part of audits on business execution including the organization and operation of Nissan’s internal control systems, the Audit Committee receives reports from executive officers, corporate officers and employees on their business execution for Nissan and its group companies, in accordance with the Audit Committee’s annual audit plan and on an ad-hoc basis as necessary. In addition, the Chair has meetings with executive officers including the President and Chief Executive Officer periodically and exchanges opinions in various areas. Further, the Chair attends important meetings etc. to state his opinions, reviews internal approval documents and other important documents, and, when necessary, requests explanations or reports from executive officers and employees. The Chair shares his collected information with other members of the Audit Committee in a timely manner.

The Audit Committee, in conducting its audits, cooperates with the internal audit department and the independent auditors in an appropriate manner, making efforts to enhance the effectiveness of “tri-parties” audit. Under the leadership of the Audit Committee, collaboration among three parties is contributing to the enhancement of the effectiveness of internal control systems by sharing information on the issues pointed out by their respective audits and the status of their remediation in a timely manner. Further, the Audit Committee supervises the internal audit department, periodically receives reports from them on the progress and results of their internal audit activities conducted in accordance with their internal audit plan and, as necessary, gives them instructions regarding internal audit.

The Audit Committee is the contact point for whistleblowing with doubts regarding the involvement of management such as executive officers, and deals with whistleblowing by establishing a system where relevant executive officers cannot know the whistleblower and the content of whistleblowing.

Committee activities during this fiscal year include without limitation the following:

- Implementation of appropriate measures to seek responsibility for serious misconduct by former chairman and others and to recover damages, including the handling of the lawsuit filed against former chairman to claim damages
- Receipt of individual reports on the establishment and the operation status of the internal control system in the area of the risk management, cyber security, etc.
- Receipt of quarterly review result reports for the current fiscal year from the independent auditors
- Exchange of opinions with the independent auditors on the Key Audit Matters (KAM)
- Audit of the effectiveness of the supervisory function of the Board of Directors
- Audit visits to manufacturing plants and major domestic and overseas subsidiaries (1 plant and 16 subsidiaries including audits by utilizing on-line measures).
- Conferences with statutory auditors of group companies to improve their audit quality (including conferences by utilizing on-line measures)

### 3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

The Company has adopted a company with three statutory committees, which can clearly separate management functions and supervisory, oversight and auditing functions, for the purpose of improving the transparency of the decision-making process and of conducting speedy and agile business execution.

### III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

#### 1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Facilitate Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplementary Explanations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Early Notification of General Shareholder Meeting</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In principle, the Company distributed the notice of convocation of AGSM 3 weeks prior to the date of the meeting and posted the notice of convocation on its Website prior to distribution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scheduling AGMs Avoiding the Peak Day</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Company held the 122nd AGSM on June 22, 2021.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Allowing Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Company enables shareholders to exercise voting rights through the Internet Website.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 2. IR Activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Supplementary Explanations</th>
<th>Presentation / Explanation by representative officers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Regular Investor Briefings for Individual Investors</strong></td>
<td>The Company has held joint briefing sessions with securities companies about the company for individual investors.</td>
<td>×</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors</strong></td>
<td>The Company has held timely financial results briefing sessions.</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Regular Investor Briefings for Overseas Investors</strong></td>
<td>The Company meets with overseas investors on a regular basis.</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Posting of IR Materials on Website</strong></td>
<td>The Company has published IR materials including English materials on its Website.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Establishment of Department and/or Manager in Charge of IR</strong></td>
<td>Department: IR Department Management: Stephen Ma (CFO), Tsuyoshi Tatsumi (CVP) Person Responsible for Handling of Information: Noriyuki Inagaki (Senior Manager)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Supplementary Explanations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stipulation of Internal Rules for Respecting the Position of Stakeholders</strong></td>
<td>The Company has the related stipulation in its “Global Code of Conduct for NISSAN Group”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Implementation of Environmental Activities, CSR Activities etc.</strong></td>
<td>The Company has pursued CSR and environmental activities and disclosed the outline in “Sustainability Report” published in its Website.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Development of Policies on Information Provision to Stakeholders</strong></td>
<td>The Company has regarded the management transparency as important and pursued fair disclosure to stakeholders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other</strong></td>
<td>The number of Directors and Executive Officers is 15, consisting of 8 Japanese and 7 foreigners, of which 3 are women. The number of Corporate Officers is 49, consisting of 33 Japanese and 16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following is an outline of matters related to Nissan internal control system. The Board of Directors has resolved the basic policy on internal control system based on the Companies Act.

i) Systems to ensure efficient and management of business activities by the Executive Officers
   a. The Company chooses to be a company with three statutory committees as its legal organizational structure and its Board of Directors shall decide on basic management policies and important matters set forth under the law, articles of incorporation and the regulations of the Board of Directors.
   b. The Company’s Board of Directors delegates a great portion of its power to decide on business activities (excluding matters exclusive to the Board of Directors under law) to its Executive Officers, in order to carry out effective and flexible management.
   c. The Company uses a proven system of an Executive Committee, in which Executive Officer President and Chief Executive Officer is a chair, where key issues such as business strategies, important transactions and investments are reviewed and discussed, as well as other committee meetings where operational business issues are reviewed and discussed.
   d. For review and discussion of the regional and specific business area operations, the Company utilizes Management Committees.
   e. In order to promote cross functional activities, cross functional teams - CFTs - are organized. CFTs detect problems and challenge and propose solutions to line organizations.
   f. The Company implements an objective and transparent Delegation of Authority procedure which establishes the authority and responsibility of each Executive Officer and employee, for the purpose of speeding up and clarifying the decision making processes as well as ensuring consistent decisions.
   g. The Company ensures the efficient and effective management of its business by determining and sharing management policy and business direction through establishment of the mid-term management plan and the annual business plan.

ii) Systems to ensure compliance of Executive Officers’ and employees’ activities with Laws and articles of association
   a. The Company implements the “Global Code of Conduct”, which explains acceptable behaviors of all employees working at the group companies of the Company worldwide and promotes understanding of our rules of conduct.
   b. In order to ensure rigorous and strict compliance with the code of conduct, the Company and its group companies offer educational programs such as an e-learning system.
   c. With regard to members of the Board of Directors as well as Executive Officers, etc. of the Company, the Company shall establish “Guidance for Directors, Executive Officers, etc.”, which explains the acceptable behaviors of the members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers.
   d. The Company stands firm and takes appropriate actions against anti-social forces or groups. If any Director, corporate officer or employee is approached by such forces or groups, the said individual shall promptly report such matter to his/her superiors and specific committee, and shall follow their instructions.
   e. All Directors, corporate officers and employees are encouraged to use good conduct, and to neither directly nor indirectly, be involved in any fraud blackmail or other improper or criminal conduct. In cases of becoming aware of any such impropriety or illegal activity, or the risk thereof, in addition to acting resolutely against it, he/she shall promptly report such matter to his/her respective superiors and specific committee, and shall follow their instructions.
   f. For the purpose of monitoring and ensuring compliance with the code of conduct, the Company establishes the Global Compliance Committee. The compliance topics detected by the compliance department, which are suspected of involvement of management such as Executive Officers are directly
reported to the Audit Committee.

h. The Company is committed to continually implementing relevant company rules. The Company continually offers education programs to employees as part of its program to promote the understanding and compliance with such corporate rules.

i. The Company is committed to improve and enhance the internal control systems to ensure accuracy and reliability of its financial reports in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law together with its related rules and standards. This is accomplished through adherence to J- SOX testing, review, and reporting protocols (required under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law). The Company designs and effectively operates processes. Further the Company addresses identified accounting and internal control findings.

j. The Board of Directors appoints Outside Directors that has independency (Independent Outside Director) for the majority of its members and for its chair and shall focus on supervising the status of execution of duties by Executive Officers by taking a number of measures such as periodically receive reports from Executive Officers, periodically hold meetings only with the Independent Outside Directors, establish a lead Independent Outside Director, enhance the secretariat’s personnel and function, and secure independency and further, shall receive assessment from a third party evaluation organization in respect to its functionality once every three years.

k. The Audit Committee appoints Independent Outside Director for a majority of its member and as its chair and also appoint adequately qualified and able Director and shall perform audit of Executive Officers’ status of business execution. In addition, the Audit Committee shall appropriately audit the effectiveness with regard to the monitoring function of the Board of Directors on an ongoing basis.

l. The Company shall establish a department under the Audit Committee specialized in internal audit for the purpose of regularly auditing group companies’ business and their observance of processes, policies, laws, and other matters as appropriate. Regional internal audit departments have been established to perform internal audits under the supervision of Nissan’s global internal audit department.

m. The Audit Committee shall, as necessary, cooperate with the Nomination Committee and the Compensation Committee.

n. Considering the possibilities of conflict of interest between Renault, other major shareholders or MITSUBISHI MOTORS CORPORATION, which is one of the other parties of the Alliance, and the Company, Representative Executive Officer must not concurrently serve as a Director, Executive Officer, or any other officer or other positions of Renault, other major shareholders or MITSUBISHI MOTORS CORPORATION and the subsidiaries and affiliates thereof. If an Executive Officer concurrently serves in such position upon assuming the office of Representative Executive Officer of the Company, he/she and the Company shall promptly take necessary measures to leave such position at the other company.

o. If a Director has held the position of Director, Executive Officer or other positions with a title at Renault, other shareholders or MITSUBISHI MOTORS CORPORATION or its subsidiaries and affiliates thereof, such Director shall not participate in the deliberation and resolution of an agenda raised at the Company’s meeting of Board of Directors that may cause a conflict of interest between the company in which the Director has held a position and the Company.

p. The Company’s activities relating to the Nissan-Renault- Mitsubishi Motors Alliance, including operational functions under common-management, are subject to direction, supervision and oversight.
by the company’s Board of Directors, Executive Committee and relevant Executive Officers, etc. Decision-making occurs by the Company’s Board of Directors, Executive Officers or employees in accordance with the Company’s Delegation of Authority, and as otherwise necessary to comply with legal and regulatory requirements and also in consideration of the possibility of conflict of interest between the Company and Renault or the Company and Mitsubishi Motors.

q. Upon newly establishing or changing the organization internally, the Company shall not adopt a structure where the authority is divided in a way which may possibly inhibit the check function of the legal, accounting, financial and other managerial departments.

iii) Rules and systems for proper management of risk and loss

a. The Company minimizes the possibility of occurrences of risk and, if they occur, mitigates the magnitude of losses by sensing such risks as early as possible and implementing appropriate countermeasures. In order to achieve such objectives, the Company and its Group companies implement the “Global Risk Management Policy.”

b. Management of material company-wide risks is assigned primarily to the members of the Risk Management Committee, who are responsible to implement necessary measures such as preparing relevant risk management manual.

c. Concerning the management of other specific business risks beyond those supervised directly by the Risk Management Committee, they are handled by each manager in the business function who will evaluate, prepare and implement the necessary measures to minimize such risks.

d. The internal audit department of the Company on behalf of the Audit Committee shall conduct auditing activities pursuant to the relevant audit standards in order to provide assurance on the state of internal controls pursuant to a risk based methodology and consulting when appropriate.

iv) Systems to ensure accurate records and the retention of information of Executive Officers’ execution of business

a. The Company preserves and appropriately manages the documents and other information relating to Executive Officers’ execution of business.

b. Results of all corporate decisions made by various divisions and department pursuant to Delegation of Authority are preserved and retained either electronically or in writing.

c. While the departments in charge are responsible for proper and strict retention and management of such information, in particular, for materials related to important management councils, Directors and Executive Officers and other employees of the Company have access to any records within a reasonable range as required for the purpose of performing their business activities.

d. The Company has enacted a policy about the creation, use, management of information to enhance proper and strict retention and management of information and to prevent improper use of information and unintended disclosure of such information. Furthermore, the Company has established an Information Security Committee, which is engaged in overall management of information security in the Company and makes decisions on information security matters.

v) Systems to ensure proper and legitimate business activities of the group companies

(A) Systems to ensure the efficient execution and management of business activities by Directors of the group companies

a. The Company establishes various Management Committees which are trans-group organizations in order to ensure proper, efficient and consistent Group management.

b. In management committee meetings, the Company provides group companies with important information and shares with them management policies; this ensures that the business decisions of all group companies are made efficiently and effectively.

c. The group companies implement an objective and transparent Delegation of Authority procedures in cooperation with the Company.

(B) Systems to ensure compliance of activities of Directors and employees of the group companies to laws and regulations and articles of association
a. Group companies implement each company’s code of conduct in line with the Global Code of Conduct, establish a compliance committee and ensure full compliance with all laws and our corporate code of conduct. The Global Compliance Committee regularly monitors these companies and works to ensure further strict compliance with laws, the articles of association and the corporate behavior. In addition, group companies implement a hotline system which ensures that employees are able to directly communicate to the group company or to the Company directly their opinions, questions and requests.

b. The internal audit department of the Company carries out audits on the business of group companies for the purpose of evaluating and improving the effectiveness of risk management control and governance processes.

c. The Company’s Audit Committee and group companies’ Statutory Auditors shall have periodic meetings to share information and exchange opinion for the purpose of ensuring effective auditing of the group companies.

d. In particular, the scope and frequency of internal audits and other monitoring activities on the business of the group companies may vary reasonably because of, for example, risk identified as well as the size, nature of the business, and materiality of such group companies.

(C) Rules and systems for proper management of risk and loss of the group companies

a. The group companies implement the Global Risk Management Policy.

b. Management of risks related to the group companies that might have an impact on the entire Group is assigned mainly to the members of the Risk Management Committee, who are responsible to implement specific measures.

c. Concerning the management of other risks related to the group companies, each group company is responsible to monitor, manage and implement the necessary measures to minimize such risks.

(D) Systems for Directors of the group companies to report business activities to the Company

The Company requests the group companies to report and endeavors to maintain certain important business matters of the group companies, through multiple routes, including, (i) the systems stated in (A) through (C) above and (ii) relations and cooperation between each function of the Company and the corresponding function of the other group companies.

vi) Directors and employees supporting the Company’s Audit Committee, systems showing the Directors and employees’ independence from the Company's Executive Officers, and systems to ensure effectiveness of the Company’s Audit Committee’s instruction to Directors and employees

a. The Company has Audit Committee secretariat as an organization to support the activities of the Company’s Audit Committee. The required number of staff members shall be assigned to the Audit Committee secretariat and they carry out their duties under the direction of the Audit Committee member.

b. The evaluation of staff members in the Audit Committee secretariat shall be discussed among the Audit Committee members, and consent of the Audit Committee is necessary for personnel changes and disciplinary actions.

vii) Systems to report business issues to the Company’s Audit Committee and systems to ensure to prevent disadvantageous treatment of those who made such report

(A) Systems for the Company’s board members (excluding Audit Committee members), Executive Officers and employees to report business issues to the Company’s Audit Committee

a. The Company’s Audit Committee determine their annual audit plan and perform their audit activities in accordance with that plan. The annual audit plan includes schedules of reports by various divisions. Directors (excluding Audit Committee members), Executive Officers and employees make reports in accordance with the annual audit plan.

b. When the Company’s Directors (excluding Audit Committee members), Executive Officers and employees detect any incident which could have a materially negative impact on Nissan’s...
business performance or reputation, or are believed to be non-compliant with the global code of conduct or other standard for conduct, they are required to report such incidents to Nissan's Audit Committee.

c. In addition, the Company's Directors (excluding Audit Committee members), Executive Officers and employees are required to make an ad-hoc report to the Company's Audit Committee regarding the situation of business activities when so requested.

d. The internal audit department reports on an on-going basis to the Company's Audit Committee matters such as its risk based internal audit plan and audit findings identified through the internal audits performed.

(B) Systems for Directors, Statutory Auditors, other officers and employees of the group companies and those who received a report from the group companies to report business issues to the Company's Audit Committee

a. The Company's Audit Committee shall have periodic meetings of group companies' statutory auditors to share information and exchange opinions for the purpose of ensuring effective auditing of group companies and group companies' Statutory Auditors report the matters which could affect the entire group and other matters to the Company's Audit Committee.

b. Directors and employees of the group companies shall promptly make a report to the Company's Audit Committee regarding the situation of business activities when so requested by the Company's Audit Committee.

c. The Company's Directors (excluding Audit Committee members), Executive Officers and employees (including, those in the internal audit department), as stated in (A) of this Section, shall report to the Company's Audit Committee the business activities of each group company reported through the systems mentioned in Section v) above.

(C) Systems to ensure to prevent disadvantageous treatment of those who made a report as stated in (A) and (B) above on the basis of making such report

The Company prohibits disadvantageous treatment of those who made a report as stated in i) and ii) above on the basis of making such report. The Company takes the necessary measures to protect those who made such report and takes strict actions, including, disciplinary actions, against Directors and employees of the Company and its group companies who gave disadvantageous treatment to those who made such report.

viii) Policy for payment of expenses or debt with respect to the Company's Audit Committee members' execution of their duties, including the procedures of advancement or reimbursement of expenses

In accordance with Corporate Law, the Company promptly makes advance payment of expenses or makes payment of debt with regard to the Company’s Audit Committee members’ execution of their duties if so requested by the Audit Committee except where it proves that the expense or debt relating to such request is not necessary for the execution of the duties of the Audit Committee member. Every year the Company establishes a budget with regard to the Company’s Audit Committee members’ execution of their duties for the amounts deemed necessary.

ix) Systems to ensure effective and valid auditing by the Company’s Audit Committee

a. The Company’s Audit Committee enhances its independence by appointing Independent Outside Directors for the majority of its members and for its chair. Further, in order to ensure that the audit by the Audit Committee is being carried out effectively, the Audit Committee appoints one or more full-time member of the Audit Committee.

b. The Audit Committee shall, as necessary, cooperate with the internal audit department and accounting auditor upon conducting the Audit Committee’s audits. The Audit Committee shall take charge of the department for internal audit and instruct the internal audit department with regard to auditing. The internal audit department obtains approval from the Audit Committee regarding basic policy of the internal audit and, annual plans, budgets and personnel plans for internal audits, and will report to the Audit Committee the status of the performance of duties and any findings therefrom on an ongoing
basis. Approval of the Audit Committee shall be obtained for appointment/removal and performance assessment (incl. discipline) of persons responsible for the internal audit department.

c. The Audit Committee shall have meetings periodically or upon request from the Audit Committee with Executive Officers (including the President and Chief Executive Officer) and exchange views and opinions.

d. Audit Committee members may attend important meetings, etc. and state his/her opinions and further, may view documents giving approval and other important documents and may request, as necessary, explanations and reports from Executive Officers and employees.

e. The Audit Committee shall, as necessary, cooperate with the Nomination Committee and the Compensation Committee if necessary, such as by exchanging information and opinions mutually.

2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces

The Company stands firm and take appropriate actions against anti-social forces or groups. If any Director, corporate officer or employee is approached by such forces or groups, the said individual shall promptly report such matter to his/her superiors and specific committee, and shall follow their instructions.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

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<th>Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures</th>
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Supplementary Explanation

2. Other Matters Concerning Corporate Governance System

The Company’s information is finally communicated to IR Department which takes charge of timely disclosure, and if needed, disclosed to Tokyo Stock Exchange through TDnet.

The routes whereby corporate information which might require timely disclosure is communicated to IR Department are as follows:

1. The information (including the information related to the subsidiaries) concerning the management decision is communicated to Corporate Support Office that is the secretariat of the Board of Directors Meeting. Then the information is transferred to IR Department by distribution of the agenda and the materials of the meeting.

2. The information (including the information related to the subsidiaries) concerning the occurrence of events is communicated to the Global Communications Division promptly from each section in the Company, and transferred to IR Department.

3. The information concerning the financial results is transferred to IR Department from Budget and Accounting Department.

In addition, with regard to “1. Organizational Composition and Operation” of “II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management”, the Company’s Articles of Incorporation stipulates the following:

- Number of Directors’ six (6) or more
Nissan corporate structure

Supervision

- Shareholders meeting
- Board of Directors
- Nomination Committee
- Compensation Committee
- Audit Committee

Execution

- Representative Executive Officer
- Internal Control Committee
- Regional Management committee, each function, group companies

Sections in the Company

- CVP of IR Department
- IR Department <Person responsible for handling of information>
- Board of Directors Office <Secretariat of BOD>
- Corporate Support Office <Secretariat of EC>
- Global Communications Division
- Budget and Accounting Department
- TDNet
- Tokyo Stock Exchange